

Package ‘viralmodels’

October 18, 2024

Title Viral Load and CD4 Lymphocytes Regression Models

Version 1.3.1

Description

Provides a comprehensive framework for building, evaluating, and visualizing regression models for analyzing viral load and CD4 (Cluster of Differentiation 4) lymphocytes data. It leverages the principles of the tidymodels ecosystem of Max Kuhn and Hadley Wickham (2020) <<https://www.tidymodels.org>> to offer a user-friendly experience in model development. This package includes functions for data preprocessing, feature engineering, model training, tuning, and evaluation, along with visualization tools to enhance the interpretation of model results. It is specifically designed for researchers in biostatistics, computational biology, and HIV research who aim to perform reproducible and rigorous analyses to gain insights into disease dynamics. The main focus is on improving the understanding of the relationships between viral load, CD4 lymphocytes, and other relevant covariates to contribute to HIV research and the visibility of vulnerable seropositive populations.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Suggests baguette, Cubist, earth, glmnet, kernlab, kknn, ranger, rules, testthat (>= 3.0.0), tidyverse, vdiff, viraldomain

Config/testthat/edition 3

Imports dials, dplyr, hardhat, parsnip, purrr, recipes, rsample, stats, tidyselect, tune, workflows, workflowsets

URL <https://github.com/juanv66x/viralmodels>

BugReports <https://github.com/juanv66x/viralmodels/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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viralmodel	<i>Select best model</i>
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Description

Returns performance metrics for a selected model

Usage

```
viralmodel(
  traindata,
  semilla,
  target,
  viralvars,
  logbase,
  pliegues,
  repeticiones,
  rejilla,
  modelo
)
```

Arguments

traindata	A data frame
semilla	A numeric value
target	A character value
viralvars	Vector of variable names related to viral data.
logbase	The base for logarithmic transformations.
pliegues	A numeric value
repeticiones	A numeric value
rejilla	A numeric value
modelo	A character value

Value

A table with a single model hyperparameters

Examples

```

library(tidyverse)
library(baguette)
library(kernlab)
library(kknn)
library(ranger)
library(rules)
library(glmnet)
# Define the function to impute values in the undetectable range
set.seed(123)
impute_undetectable <- function(column) {
  ifelse(column <= 40,
    rexp(sum(column <= 40), rate = 1/13) + 1,
    column)
}
# Apply the function to all vl columns using purrr's map_dfc
library(viraldomain)
data("viral", package = "viraldomain")
viral_imputed <- viral |>
  mutate(across(starts_with("vl"), ~impute_undetectable(.x)))
traindata <- viral_imputed
semilla <- 1501
target <- "cd_2022"
viralvars <- c("vl_2019", "vl_2021", "vl_2022")
logbase <- 10
pliegues <- 2
repeticiones <- 1
rejilla <- 1
modelo <- "simple_rf"
set.seed(123)
viralmodel(traindata, semilla, target, viralvars, logbase, pliegues, repeticiones, rejilla, modelo)

```

Description

This function builds, trains, and evaluates a set of statistical learning models for predicting viral load or CD4 counts. It implements multiple pre-processing options (simple, normalized, full quadratic) and model types (MARS, neural network, KNN). The best model is selected based on RMSE.

Usage

```
viralpreds(target, pliegues, repeticiones, rejilla, semilla, data)
```

Arguments

<code>target</code>	A character string specifying the column name of the target variable to predict.
<code>pliegues</code>	An integer specifying the number of folds for cross-validation.
<code>repeticiones</code>	An integer specifying the number of times the cross-validation should be repeated.
<code>rejilla</code>	An integer specifying the number of grid search iterations for tuning hyperparameters.
<code>semilla</code>	An integer specifying the seed for random number generation to ensure reproducibility.
<code>data</code>	A data frame containing the predictors and the target variable.

Value

A list containing two elements: `predictions` (a vector of predicted values for the target variable) and `RMSE` (the root mean square error of the best model).

Examples

```
library(tidyverse)
library(baguette)
library(kernlab)
library(kknn)
library(ranger)
library(rules)
library(glmnet)
# Define the function to impute values in the undetectable range
set.seed(123)
impute_undetectable <- function(column) {
  ifelse(column <= 40,
    rexp(sum(column <= 40), rate = 1/13) + 1,
    column)
}
# Apply the function to all vl columns using purrr's map_dfc
library(viraldomain)
data("viral", package = "viraldomain")
viral_imputed <- viral |>
  mutate(across(starts_with("vl"), ~impute_undetectable(.x)))
traindata <- viral_imputed
target <- "cd_2022"
viralvars <- c("vl_2019", "vl_2021", "vl_2022")
logbase <- 10
pliegues <- 5
repeticiones <- 2
rejilla <- 2
semilla <- 123
viralpreds(target, pliegues, repeticiones, rejilla, semilla, traindata)
```

viraltab	<i>Competing models table</i>
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Description

Trains and optimizes a series of regression models for viral load or CD4 counts

Usage

```
viraltab(  
  traindata,  
  semilla,  
  target,  
  viralvars,  
  logbase,  
  pliegues,  
  repeticiones,  
  rejilla  
)
```

Arguments

traindata	A data frame
semilla	A numeric value
target	A character value
viralvars	Vector of variable names related to viral data.
logbase	The base for logarithmic transformations.
pliegues	A numeric value
repeticiones	A numeric value
rejilla	A numeric value

Value

A table of competing models

Examples

```
library(dplyr)  
library(baguette)  
library(kernlab)  
library(kknn)  
library(ranger)  
library(rules)  
library(glmnet)  
# Define the function to impute values in the undetectable range  
impute_undetectable <- function(column) {
```

```

set.seed(123)
ifelse(column <= 40,
       rexp(sum(column <= 40), rate = 1/13) + 1,
       column)
}
library(viraldomain)
data("viral", package = "viraldomain")
viral_imputed <- viral |>
  mutate(across(starts_with("vl"), ~impute_undetectable(.x)))
traindata <- viral_imputed
semilla <- 1501
target <- "cd_2022"
viralvars <- c("vl_2019", "vl_2021", "vl_2022")
logbase <- 10
pliegues <- 2
repeticiones <- 1
rejilla <- 1
set.seed(123)
viraltab(traindata, semilla, target, viralvars, logbase, pliegues, repeticiones, rejilla)

```

viralvis

Competing models plot

Description

Plots the rankings of a series of regression models for viral load or CD4 counts

Usage

```
viralvis(
  traindata,
  semilla,
  target,
  viralvars,
  logbase,
  pliegues,
  repeticiones,
  rejilla
)
```

Arguments

traindata	A data frame
semilla	A numeric value
target	A character value
viralvars	Vector of variable names related to viral data.
logbase	The base for logarithmic transformations.

pliegues	A numeric value
repeticiones	A numeric value
rejilla	A numeric value

Value

A plot of ranking models

Examples

```
library(tidyverse)
library(baguette)
library(kernlab)
library(kknn)
library(ranger)
library(rules)
library(glmnet)
# Define the function to impute values in the undetectable range
set.seed(123)
impute_undetectable <- function(column) {
  ifelse(column <= 40,
    rexp(sum(column <= 40), rate = 1/13) + 1,
    column)
}
# Apply the function to all vl columns using purrr's map_dfc
library(viraldomain)
data("viral", package = "viraldomain")
viral_imputed <- viral |>
  mutate(across(starts_with("vl"), ~impute_undetectable(.x)))
traindata <- viral_imputed
semilla <- 1501
target <- "cd_2022"
viralvars <- c("vl_2019", "vl_2021", "vl_2022")
logbase <- 10
pliegues <- 2
repeticiones <- 1
rejilla <- 1
set.seed(123)
viralvis(traindata, semilla, target, viralvars, logbase, pliegues, repeticiones, rejilla)
```

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