

The GOST package

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<https://github.com/kia999/GOST/>

Version ? released ?

Abstract

GOST is a bundle of BibTeX styles designed to meet State Standards (GOST) on information, librarianship and publishing issued by The Russian Federation and Interstate Committee of former USSR States.

It comprises 16 BibTeX styles to format bibliography in English, Russian and Ukrainian according to GOST 7.0.5-2008 and GOST 7.1-2003. Both 8-bit and Unicode (UTF-8) versions of each BibTeX style, in each case offering a choice of sorted and unsorted.

1 Introduction

The package was initially developed by Maksym Polyakov. It was later updated by Igor Kotelnikov to the present status and some code was borrowed from `disser` package developed by Stanislav Kruchinin and unpublished work by Artem Petrenkov.

Nowdays, GOST is a bundle of BibTeX styles designed to meet State Standards (GOST) on information, librarianship and publishing issued by Russian Federation and interstate committee of former USSR States.

The System of Standards includes:

GOST 7.80 -2000 Bibliographic record. Heading. General requirements and rules.

GOST 7.83 -2001 Electronic editions. Basic types and imprint.

GOST 7.1 -2003 Bibliographic record. Bibliographic description. General requirements and rules.

GOST 7.11 -2004 Bibliographic description and references. Rules for the abbreviation of words and word combinations in foreign European languages.

GOST 7.0.5-2008 Bibliographic reference. General requirements and rules of making.

Etc.

Currently, GOST contains 16 BibTeX styles to format bibliography in English, Russian and Ukrainian according to GOST 7.0.5-2008 and GOST 7.1-2003. Both 8-bit and Unicode (UTF-8) versions of each BibTeX style, in each case offering a choice of sorted and unsorted.

All styles in the GOST bundle are derived from single master file `gost.dtx` by applying different set of options as shown in the table below.

Style	utf8	strict	eprint	long	sort	natbib
gost2003		+	+			
gost2003s		+	+		+	
gost2008			+			
gost2008n			+			+
gost2008l			+	+		
gost2008s			+		+	
gost2008ns			+		+	+
gost2008ls			+	+	+	
ugost2003	+	+	+			
ugost2003s	+	+	+		+	
ugost2008	+		+			
ugost2008n	+		+			+
ugost2008l	+		+	+		
ugost2008s	+		+		+	
ugost2008ns	+		+		+	+
ugost2008ls	+		+	+	+	
Style	utf8	strict	eprint	long	sort	natbib

`Gost2008` style is recommended for most applications. It corresponds to the currently effective Standard 7.0.5-2008. Librarians should use the style `gost2003` instead of `gost2008` to compile a library catalog to meet the Standard 7.1-2003. Use of other styles is best explained through the meaning of options used to compile those styles from the master source.

The `strict` option provides conformance to the Standard 7.1-2003. The bibstyles compiled with that option bear the name `gost2003` with possible suffixes `s`, `l`, `n` as explained below. These styles are intended primarily for the librarians who compose a library catalog.

The bibstyles compiled without `strict` option meets the Standard 7.0.5-2008 which can be thought off as a relaxed version of the Standards 7.1-2003. These bibstyles bear the name `gost2008` with possible suffixes `s`, `l`, `n`.

If the number of authors exceeds 4, modern styles cut the list of authors to at most 4 persons as prescribed by the Standards. Option `long` overrides this rule to provide backward compatibility with the package `disser` by Stanislav Kruchinin. Two styles, `gost2008l` and `gost2008ls`, compiled with the option `long` mimic behavior of the styles `gost705` and `gost705s` from the `disser` package. Major effect of the `long` option is that the list of authors always precedes book or article title no matter how long is it. Modern styles compiled without `long` place long list of authors behind the title. The names of styles compiled with the option `long` has the suffix `l`. Recall that those styles do not conform effective Standards and their use is discouraged.

The `eprint` option enables formatting electronic publications. In particular, it enables `eprint`, `eprinttype`, `eprintclass`, and `doi` fields for a bibliographic entry. The styles generated without the `eprint` option, ignore the these fields. Starting from the version 1.2 of the GOST package, all modern styles are compiled with this option included, and the suffix `e` which designated this option in earlier versions is not appended to the name of style any more.

The `natbib` option provides compatibility with the `natbib` package. The names of styles compiled with the option `natbib` bear the suffix `n`. Currently 4 styles with that option are available for beta testing.

The `sort` option enables sorting bibliographic references by author names and references titles. The names of styles compiled with the option `sort` bear the suffix `s`.

Finally, the `utf8` option produces bibliographic styles in unicode rather than in 8-bit encoding. Names of those styles bear the prefix `u`.

Beyond bibliographic style, GOST bundle contains CS files (codepage and sorting order).

Encoding	CSF	Sorting order
cp866	ruscii.csf	Cyrillic first, Latin
cp1251	cp1251.csf	Cyrillic first, Latin
koi8-u	koi8u.csf	Cyrillic first, Latin
utf8	utf8cyrillic.csf	Cyrillic first, Latin

In addition, `BIBTEX8` distribution comes with few more CSFs.

Encoding	CSF	Sorting order
cp866	cp866rus.csf	Latin first, Cyrillic

2 How to use

1. Select bibliography style by adding appropriate `\bibliographystyle` declaration to your source file `<filename>.tex`, e.g.

```
\bibliographystyle{gost2008}
\bibliography{database}
```

2. Add the field `langid="ukrainian"` or `langid="russian"` to the bibliographic entries in Ukrainian or Russian languages in your database; English is the default language. German, Italian and French are partially supported.
3. To compile list of references from your database use `bibtex8.exe` rather than `bibtex.exe`. Depending on the codepage of your bibliographic database, indicate one of the CS files listed above as option to `bibtex8.exe`. Run `LaTeX`, then run `bibTeX8` and `LaTeX` again:

```
latex <filename>.tex
bibtex8 -B -c <csf_file>.csf <filename>.aux
latex <filename>.tex
```

4. For details on preparing bibliographic database see examples in `gost*.pdf` and `ugost*.pdf`.
5. `ugost*` styles are primarily intended for use with unicode compilers (`xelatex` and `lualatex`). They should be preferred as well when using 8bit compilers (`latex` and `pdflatex`) if source file is in utf8 encoding.
6. Neither `bibtex.exe` nor `bibtex8.exe` provides correct sorting order of unicode text. It means that using `ugost2008s` or `ugost2008ns` may produce unexpected result for documents in utf8 encoding.
7. `Bibtex8` fails to change case of a string if it contains Cyrillic letter in unicode. Therefore `ugost2008*` styles do not change case of titles and other parts of bibliographic record while 8-bit styles do the case change where appropriate.
8. Either `bibtex.exe` or `bibtex8.exe` fail to cut Cyrillic names to initials. Therefore `ugost2008*` styles do not modify name of authors.
9. Package `natbib` is required when choosing styles with suffix `n` in their names.

3 Customization

Every GOST style defines few commands to format some parts of a reference. You can redefine these commands prior to the `\bibliography{<bibtex_style>}` command. Initial definitions are listed below.

```
\providecommand*\url}[1]{\small #1}
\providecommand*\BibUrl}[1]{\url{#1}}
\providecommand*\BibAnnote}[1]{}
\providecommand*\BibEmph}[1]{#1}
```

By default, `gost` styles separate logical parts of a bibliography record by a period and cyrdash (`. ---`). It is legitimate to drop that dash by overriding the command `\BibDash` as follows

```
\providecommand*\BibDash}{}
```

By default, `\BibDash` is equivalent to the shorthand `---` defined by the `babel` package with the option `russian`. It prints a so called Cyrillic dash (`\cyrdash`), which is 20% shorter than ordinary LaTeX dash (`---`), and puts unbreakable space before `\cyrdash` so that dash never appears in the beginning of a line.

4 Where to get

1. <http://ctan.org/pkg/gost>.
2. <http://github.com/kia999/gost>.

5 Version history

Version 1.2l (2021.02.05)

Bug fixed: removed `\endofline`.

Version 1.2k (2020.12.29)

1. All stuff is now generated from `gost.dtx`.
2. Limited support of the `date` field added.
3. Formatting of `doi` field updated: `http://dx.doi.org` changed to `https://doi.org`.
4. Restricted support of `date` field added.
5. Documentation and examples update (thanks to Leonid Sinev).

Version 1.2i (2017.01.12)

1. Documentation and examples update (thanks to Leonid Sinev).
2. Restored `@MastersThesis` instead of `@MasterThesis` (thanks to Leonid Sinev).
3. `media="eresource"` is introduced in addition to `media="online"` and `media="text"`; if present, the `media` field is not ignored any more in modern `bst-styles` compiled without the `strict` option.
4. `location` field is introduced as an alias of `address` field.
5. `@DSCISTHESIS` entry renamed to `@DOCTHESIS`.
6. `school` field in `@THESIS` and similar entries is replaced by `institution` to comply with `biblatex-gost` style.

Version 1.2h (2016.08.21)

1. Minor changes in documentation.

Version 1.2g (2016.07.25)

1. Minor changes in documentation.

Version 1.2f (2016.07.12)

1. Support for patent entry added (thanks to Stanislav Kruchinin).
2. `medium` field renamed to `media` field for compatibility with `biblatex`.

Version 1.2e (2016.07.07)

1. Hard coded "URL" string replaced with a language sensitive string (thanks to Roman Budnyi).

Version 1.2d (2015.02.18)

1. `jan`, `feb`, etc. macros fixed.
2. New macro `format.month`.

Version 1.2c (2015.01.10)

1. `langid` field is added. It has same meaning as `language` which is now obsolete but is still supported for backward compatibility; `langid` has priority over `language`.
2. `eid` field is added. It has priority over `pages`.
3. The ligature "--- has been substituted with `\BibDash` for `.bst` styles compiled without `modern` options (`gost2003.bst` and `gost2003s.bst`). For modern styles this was done in earlier versions.
4. Spacing around `\BibDash` has been improved.
5. `\BibDash` now typesets short em-dash (`\cyrdash`) only for `russian` and `ukrainian` languages. In earlier versions, it produces short em-dash for all languages.
(This feature was removed since it did not work with all engines.)

Version 1.2a (2012.08.31)

1. `\cyrdash` is now defined via `\ProvideTextCommand` rather than `\providecommand`.

Version 1.2 (2012.02.22)

1. Code refactoring. All styles are now generated from single source file.
2. Support for GOST 7.1-2003. The field `medium` is added to reflect type of material. For most entry types `medium` defaults to `text`.
3. Support for `natbib` package.
4. All modern styles are now compiled with the `eprint` option.

Version 1.1 (2012.01.21)

1. Support for GOST 7.0.5-2008 and GOST 7.1-2003 is provided.
2. `@Online` entry is added to format a reference to electronic resource on Internet.
3. `@MastersThesis` entry is added to format a reference to master's thesis.
4. `@DSciThesis` entry is added to format a reference to doctor of sciences thesis.
5. `Urldate`, `eprint`, `eprintclass`, `eprinttype` fields are added.

5.1 Older versions

2012.02.22 Support for natbib package.

2012.02.02 Adaptation to GOST 7.0.5, electronic publishing.

2005.08.12 First version uploaded to CTAN.

2003.06.06 First public version.

6 Implementation

We need Russian fonts to produce documentation of the code below. Therefore we switch current language to Russian by issuing the command `\selectlanguage{russian}`.

```
1 (*bst)
2 %% This bibstyle attempts to format bibliography according to
3 <strict>%% GOST 7.1-2003 for bibliographic records.
4 <!strict>%% GOST 7.0.5-2008 for bibliographic reference.
5 (*natbib)%%
6 %%-----
7 %% This is an author-year citation style bibliography.
8 %% It requires a special package file to function properly
9 %% such as natbib.sty by Patrick W. Daly.
10 %% The form of the \bibitem entries is
11 %% \bibitem[Jones et al.(1990)]{key}...
12 %% \bibitem[Jones et al.(1990)Jones, Baker, and Smith]{key}...
13 %% where the label part [in brackets] consists of the author names,
14 %% as they should appear in the citation, with the year in parentheses following.
15 %% There must be no space before the opening parenthesis!
16 %% A full list of authors may also follow the year.
17 %% In natbib.sty, it is possible to define the type of enclosures that is
18 %% really wanted (brackets or parentheses), but in either case, there must
19 %% be parentheses in the label.
20 %% The \cite command functions as follows:
21 %% \citet{key}           => Jones et al. (1990)
22 %% \citet*{key}         => Jones, Baker, and Smith (1990)
23 %% \cite{key}           => (Jones et al., 1990)
24 %% \cite*{key}          => (Jones, Baker, and Smith, 1990)
25 %% \cite[chap. 2]{key}  => (Jones et al., 1990, chap. 2)
26 %% \cite[e.g.][]{key}  => (e.g. Jones et al., 1990)
27 %% \cite[e.g.][p. 32]{key} => (e.g. Jones et al., p. 32)
28 %% \citeauthor{key}    => Jones et al.
29 %% \citeauthor*{key}   => Jones, Baker, and Smith
30 %% \citeyear{key}     => 1990
31 %%-----
32 </natbib>
33
```

6.1 Fields

Enlist all entry fields allowed in a bibliographic database. Most fields are common for many standard `bst` styles. Nonlisted fields are just ignored by `BIBTEX`.

```
34 ENTRY
35 { address
36   annote
37   author
38   booktitle
39   bookauthor
40   chapter
41   edition
42   editor
43   compiler
44   howpublished
45   institution
46   journal
47   key
48   %major           % new in v.1.2i, alias for speciality, not implemented
49   majorcode       % new in v.1.2i, alias for specialitycode
50   month
51   note
52   number
53   organization
54   pages
55   eid             % new in v1.2c
56   publisher
57   school          % alias for institution
58   series
59   %speciality     % new in v.1.2i, eqv. to major in biblatex-gost, not implemented yet...
60   specialitycode % new in v.1.2i, alias of number, eqv. to majorcode in biblatex-gost
61   title
62   %medium         % new in v1.2; renamed to media.
63   media           % new in v1.2f
64   type
65   volume
66   year
67   language
68   langid          % new in v1.2c
69   booklanguage

Entries borrowed from biblatex.
70   date           % new in v1.2i
71   pagetotal
72   url
73   urldate
74   isbn
75   doi
76   eprint
77   eprinttype     % = archivePrefix
78   eprintclass    % = primaryClass
```



```

79 % new in v1.2f:
80 % appear in biblatex:
81 %addendum % not implemented yet...
82 holder % see patent
83 location % new in v.1.2i, alias of address
84 %subtitle % not implemented yet...
85 titleaddon % new in v.1.2i, see @thesis
86 %version % not implemented yet...
87 % Appear in biblatex-gost for @patent entry:
88 authorcountry % country of the patent authors
89 credits % statement of responsibility, other than provided in Biblatex
90 ipc % Code of the International Patent Classification
91 %media % General material designation NOTE: medium in the above
92 requestnumber % Registration number of the application to the patent document
93 publicationdate % Date of publication
94 publication % and information on the official gazette, which published patent
95 prioritydate % Information about the convention priority: the date of filing of the application,
96 prioritynumber % number and
97 prioritycountry % country name of convention priority.
98 requestdate % ??
99 }
100 {}
101 <!natbib> { label }
102 <natbib> { label extra.label sort.label short.list }
103

```

6.2 Output functions

Declare internal variables and constants used for formatting bibliographic records. Other variables are defined below when needed.

```

104 INTEGERS {
105     output.state
106     before.all
107     mid.sentence
108     after.sentence
109     after.block
110     after.dblslash
111     after.slash
112     after.colon
113     after.semicolon
114 }
115
116 STRINGS { curlanguage }
117
118 STRINGS { s t }
119
120 STRINGS { y m d } % new in v.1.2j
121

```

`init.state.consts` Set constants that designate various output states which are kept by ‘output.state’ integer. The

latter is checked and updated by a set of functions such as 'output' to be defined below.

```
122 FUNCTION {init.state.consts}
123 { #0 'before.all :=
124   #1 'mid.sentence :=
125   #2 'after.sentence :=
126   #3 'after.block :=
127   #4 'after.dblslash :=
128   #5 'after.slash :=
129   #6 'after.colon :=
130   #7 'after.semicolon :=
131 }
132
```

set.language Sets current language `curlanguage`. Called by `bibitem.output` before any other function.

```
133 FUNCTION {set.language}
134 { langid empty$
135   { language empty$
136     { "english" 'curlanguage := }
137     { language 'curlanguage := }
138     if$
139   }
140   { langid 'curlanguage := }
141   if$
142 }
143
```

reset.language Reset current language to `booklanguage` if provided. Called by `output.nonnull` after double slash so that the rest of the record is formatted with `booklanguage`.

```
144 FUNCTION {reset.language}
145 { booklanguage empty$
146   { "" }
147   { booklanguage 'curlanguage :=
148     "\selectlanguageifdefined{"
149     curlanguage *
150     "}" *
151   }
152   if$
153 }
154
```

Declare various functions to output various parts of a bibliographic record.

output.nonnull Writes the last literal in the stack to output buffer assuming that it is not empty and adds an appropriate punctuation symbol.

```
155 FUNCTION {output.nonnull}
156 {
157   swap$
158   output.state mid.sentence =
159     { ", " * write$ }
160   { output.state after.block =
161     { add.period$ write$
162       " \BibDash " write$
```

```

163     newline$
164     "\newblock " write$
165   }
166   { output.state before.all =
167     'write$
168     { output.state after.dblslash =
169       { "~//" * reset.language * " " * write$ }
170     { output.state after.slash =
171       { "~/" * write$ }
172     { output.state after.colon =
173       { "~: " * write$ }
174     { output.state after.semicolon =
175       { "~;" * write$ }
176     { add.period$ " " * write$ }
177     if$
178     }
179     if$
180     }
181     if$
182     }
183     if$
184     }
185     if$
186     }
187     if$
188     mid.sentence 'output.state :=
189   }
190 if$
191 }
192

```

`output` Calls `output.nonnull` if the last literal string in the stack is not empty; otherwise it discards the literal.

```

193 FUNCTION {output}
194 { duplicate$ empty$
195   'pop$
196   'output.nonnull
197   if$
198 }
199

```

`output.check` Does the same but also warns if the indicated field is empty. Needs two literals in the stack: the field and the name of the field, e.g., `author "author" output.check`.

```

200 FUNCTION {output.check}
201 { 't :=
202   duplicate$ empty$
203   { pop$
204     "empty " t * " in " * cite$ * warning$
205   }
206   'output.nonnull
207   if$

```

```

208 }
209
fin.entry      fin.entry finalizes current entry. It writes dot, if no dot is found in stack, and starts new line.
210 FUNCTION {fin.entry}
211 { add.period$
212   write$
213   newline$
214 }
215
      Declare a family of functions to put punctuation marks depending on the current status of the
      output stack.
new.block      This just checks output state and revert it to another state if required. Checking output state
prevents occasional doubling of punctuation marks.
216 FUNCTION {new.block}
217 { output.state before.all =
218   'skip$
219   { after.block 'output.state := }
220   if$
221 }
222
new.dblslash
223 FUNCTION {new.dblslash}
224 { output.state before.all =
225   'skip$
226   { after.dblslash 'output.state := }
227   if$
228 }
229
new.slash
230 FUNCTION {new.slash}
231 { output.state before.all =
232   'skip$
233   { after.slash 'output.state := }
234   if$
235 }
236
new.colon
237 FUNCTION {new.colon}
238 { output.state before.all =
239   'skip$
240   { after.colon 'output.state := }
241   if$
242 }
243
new.semicolon
244 FUNCTION {new.semicolon}

```

```

245 { output.state before.all =
246   'skip$
247   { after.semicolon 'output.state := }
248   if$
249 }
250

```

new.sentence

```

251 FUNCTION {new.sentence}
252 { output.state after.block =
253   'skip$
254   { output.state before.all =
255     'skip$
256     { after.sentence 'output.state := }
257     if$
258   }
259   if$
260 }
261

```

add.blank

```

262 FUNCTION {add.blank}
263 { " " * before.all 'output.state :=
264 }
265

```

6.3 Logical functions and various checks

Declare few logical functions.

not

```

266 FUNCTION {not}
267 { { #0 }
268   { #1 }
269   if$
270 }
271

```

and

```

272 FUNCTION {and}
273 { 'skip$
274   { pop$ #0 }
275   if$
276 }
277

```

or

```

278 FUNCTION {or}
279 { { pop$ #1 }
280   'skip$
281   if$
282 }
283

```

non.stop <NB: What's the hell? Never used.>

```
284 %FUNCTION {non.stop}
285 %{ duplicate$
286 %   "}" * add.period$
287 %   #-1 #1 substring$ "." =
288 %}
289 %
```

new.block.checka Adds new.block if the last literal in stack is not empty.

```
290 FUNCTION {new.block.checka}
291 { empty$
292   'skip$
293   'new.block
294   if$
295 }
296
```

new.block.checkb Adds new.block if either of the two last literals in the stack is not empty.

```
297 FUNCTION {new.block.checkb}
298 { empty$
299   swap$ empty$
300   and
301   'skip$
302   'new.block
303   if$
304 }
305
```

w.sentence.checka Adds new.sentence if the last literal in stack is not empty.

```
306 FUNCTION {new.sentence.checka}
307 { empty$
308   'skip$
309   'new.sentence
310   if$
311 }
312
```

w.sentence.checkb Adds new.sentence if either of the two last literals in the stack is not empty.

```
313 FUNCTION {new.sentence.checkb}
314 { empty$
315   swap$ empty$
316   and
317   'skip$
318   'new.sentence
319   if$
320 }
321
```

w.dblslash.checka For online entry.

```
322 FUNCTION {new.dblslash.checka}
323 { empty$
324   'skip$
```

```

325     'new.dblslash
326   if$
327 }
328

```

`field.or.null` Replaces an empty field with null string "".

```

329 FUNCTION {field.or.null}
330 { duplicate$ empty$
331   { pop$ "" }
332   'skip$
333   if$
334 }
335

```

`either.or.check` ⟨NB: Move upwards⟩

```

336 FUNCTION {either.or.check}
337 { empty$
338   'pop$
339   { "can't use both " swap$ * " fields in " * cite$ * warning$ }
340   if$
341 }
342

```

6.4 String Functions

`spaces.around` Inserts a space before and after last literal in the stack.

```

343 FUNCTION {spaces.around}
344 { " " swap$ * " " * }
345

```

`emphasize` Emphasizes the last literal in the stack if it is not empty. v1.2k: `emphasize` now returns empty field if last literal in the stack was empty.

```

346 FUNCTION {emphasize}
347 { duplicate$ empty$
348   %{ pop$ "" }
349   'skip$ % v.1.2k
350   { "\BibEmph{" swap$ * "}" * }
351   if$
352 }
353

```

`bracify` New in v.1.2. An idea borrowed from `apsrev4-1.bst`. Encloses last literal in the stack by braces even if it is empty. Note that braces are normally not printed by L^AT_EX.

```

354 FUNCTION {bracify}
355 { duplicate$ empty$
356   { pop$ "{}" }
357   { "{" swap$ * "}" * }
358   if$
359 }
360

```

bracketise This and the next functions are used to enclose last word by square and round brackets. In contrast to **bracify** function they push null string if the last literal is empty.

```
361 FUNCTION {bracketise}
362 {
363   duplicate$ empty$
364   { pop$ "" }
365   { "[" swap$ * "]" * }
366   if$
367 }
368
```

paranthesify

```
369 FUNCTION {paranthesify}
370 {
371   duplicate$ empty$
372   { pop$ "" }
373   { "(" swap$ * ")" * }
374   if$
375 }
376
```

chop.word

The function **chop.word** in the context '*sstr len str chop.word*' tries to remove given substring *sstr* of the length *len* from the beginning of the string *str*. It trims *str* only if first *len* symbols in *str* coincides with *sstr*. See examples in Section 6.8.

```
377 < *sort | natbib >
378 INTEGERS { len }
379
380 FUNCTION {chop.word}
381 { 's :=
382   'len :=
383   s #1 len substring$ =
384   { s len #1 + global.max$ substring$ }
385   's
386   if$
387 }
388 < /sort | natbib >
389
```

is.num Currently not used.

(NB: Можно использовать для проверки года, извлечённого из date.)

```
390 < *debug >
391 FUNCTION {is.num}
392 { chr.to.int$
393   duplicate$ "0" chr.to.int$ < not
394   swap$ "9" chr.to.int$ > not and
395 }
396
397 < /debug >
```

extract.num Currently not used.


```

398 (*debug)
399 FUNCTION {extract.num}
400 { duplicate$ 't :=
401   "" 's :=
402   { t empty$ not }
403   { t #1 #1 substring$
404     t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't :=
405     duplicate$ is.num
406     { s swap$ * 's := }
407     { pop$ "" 't := }
408     if$
409   }
410   while$
411   s empty$
412   'skip$
413   { pop$ s }
414   if$
415 }
416
417 </debug>

```

`tie.connect` Inserts unbreakable space between last two literals in the stack.

```

418 FUNCTION {tie.connect}
419 {"~" swap$ * *
420 }
421

```

`.or.space.connect` Inserts space or unbreakable space between last two literals in the stack depending on the length of last literal.

```

422 FUNCTION {tie.or.space.connect}
423 { duplicate$ text.length$ #3 <
424   { "~" }
425   { " " }
426   if$
427   swap$ * *
428 }
429

```

`n.dashify`

```

430 FUNCTION {n.dashify}
431 { 't :=
432   ""
433   { t empty$ not }
434   { t #1 #1 substring$ "-" =
435     { t #1 #2 substring$ "--" = not
436       { "--" *
437         t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't :=
438       }
439     { { t #1 #1 substring$ "-" = }
440       { "-" *
441         t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't :=

```

```

442         }
443     while$
444     }
445     if$
446     }
447     { t #1 #1 substring$ *
448       t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't :=
449     }
450     if$
451   }
452 while$
453 }
454

```

`multi.page.check` Returns 1 if the last literal (usually `page`) contains either '-', ',', or '+'; otherwise returns 0. Used in connection with `n.dashify`.

(NB: Заметим несогласованность функций `multi.page.check` и `n.dashify`. Последняя функция проверяет дефис, а первая ещё и минус и запятую.)

```

455 INTEGERS { multiresult }
456
457 FUNCTION {multi.page.check}
458 { 't :=
459   #0 'multiresult :=
460   { multiresult not
461     t empty$ not
462     and
463   }
464   { t #1 #1 substring$
465     duplicate$ "-" =
466     swap$ duplicate$ "," =
467     swap$ "+" =
468     or or
469     { #1 'multiresult := }
470     { t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't := }
471   if$
472 }
473 while$
474 multiresult
475 }
476

```

6.5 Language-sensitive abbreviations

Declare language-sensitive abbreviations. We provide two versions of any abbreviation for unicode and non-Unicode styles. The language-sensitive functions push to the stack a string that depends of the the current value of the string `curlanguage`. It is set for every entry by `output.bibitem` function. Abbreviations for `russian`, `ukrainian` and `english` values of the string `curlanguage` are always provided, and sometimes for `french` and `german`.

`bbl.edby`

```

477 FUNCTION {bbl.edby}
478 { curlanguage "english" =
479   {"ed.\ by"}
480   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
481     (!utf8)   {"{\cyr\cyrp\cyrii\cyrd\ \cyrr\cyre\cyrd.}"}}
482     (utf8)   {"під ред."}
483     { curlanguage "russian" =
484       (!utf8) {"{\cyr\cyrp\cyro\cyrd\ \cyrr\cyre\cyrd.}"}}
485       (utf8) {"под ред."}
486       { curlanguage "german" =
487         { "ed." }
488         {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.edby" * * warning$ "Ed.\ by"}
489         if$}
490       if$}
491     if$}
492 if$}
493

```

bbl.compiler

```

494 FUNCTION {bbl.compiler}
495 { curlanguage "english" =
496   { "Compiler"}
497   { curlanguage "german" =
498     { "Hrsg." }
499     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
500       (!utf8) {"{\cyr\CYRU\cyrk\cyrl.}"}}
501       (utf8) {"{Укл.}"}}
502     { curlanguage "russian" =
503       (!utf8) {"{\cyr\CYRS\cyro\cyrs\cyrt.}"}}
504       (utf8) {"{Сост.}"}}
505     {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.compiler" * * warning$ "Compiler"}
506     if$}
507     if$}
508   if$}
509 if$}
510

```

bbl.edition

```

511 FUNCTION {bbl.edition}
512 { curlanguage "english" =
513   {"ed."}
514   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
515     (!utf8) {"{\cyr\cyrv\cyri\cyrd.}"}}
516     (utf8) {"{вид.}"}}
517     { curlanguage "russian" =
518       (!utf8) {"{\cyr\cyri\cyrz\cyrd.}"}}
519       (utf8) {"{изд.}"}}
520     { curlanguage "german" =
521       {" {aus.}" } %%% { "Auf1." } ??
522       { curlanguage "italian" =
523         {"edizione"}

```

```

524         { curlanguage "french" =
525             {"\'{e}dition"}
526             {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.edition" * * warning$ "ed."}
527         if$}
528     if$}
529 if$}
530     if$}
531 if$}
532 if$}
533

```

bbl.vvolume

```

534 FUNCTION {bbl.vvolume}
535 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "french" = or curlanguage "italian" = or
536     {"Volume"}
537     { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
538     <!utf8>     { "\CYRT\cyro\cyrm" }
539     <utf8>     { "Том" }
540     { curlanguage "german" =
541         {"{Band}"} %%% { "Volumen" }
542         {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.vvolume" * * warning$ "Volume"}
543     if$}
544     if$}
545 if$}
546

```

bbl.vvol

```

547 FUNCTION {bbl.vvol}
548 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "french" = or curlanguage "italian" = or
549     {"Vol."}
550     { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
551     <!utf8>     {"\CYRT."}
552     <utf8>     {"Т."}
553     { curlanguage "german" =
554         {"{Bd.}"} %%% { "Vol." }
555         {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.vvol" * * warning$ "Vol."}
556     if$}
557     if$}
558 if$}
559

```

bbl.iissue

```

560 FUNCTION {bbl.iissue}
561 { curlanguage "english" =
562     {"Issue"}
563     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
564     <!utf8>     {"\CYRV\cyri\cyrp\cyru\cyrs\cyrk"}
565     <utf8>     {"Випуск"}
566     { curlanguage "russian" =
567     <!utf8>     {"\CYRV\cyrery\cyrp\cyru\cyrs\cyrk"}
568     <utf8>     {"Выпуск"}
569     { curlanguage "german" =

```

```

570         {"Hefte"} %%% { "Ausgabe" }
571         {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.iissue" * * warning$ "Issue"}
572     if$}
573     if$}
574     if$}
575 if$}
576

```

bbl.iiss

```

577 FUNCTION {bbl.iiss}
578 { curlanguage "english" =
579     {"Iss."}
580     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
581         \!utf8     {"\CYRV\cyri\cyrp."}
582         \utf8     {"Вип."}
583         { curlanguage "russian" =
584             \!utf8     {"\CYRV\cyrery\cyrp."}
585             \utf8     {"Вып."}
586             { curlanguage "german" =
587                 {"H."}
588                 {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.iiss" * * warning$ "Iss."}
589             if$}
590         if$}
591     if$}
592 if$}
593

```

bbl.of

```

594 FUNCTION {bbl.of}
595 { curlanguage "english" =
596     {"of"}
597     { curlanguage "german" =
598         {"von"}
599         { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
600             \!utf8     {"{\cyr\cyrii\cyrz}"}
601             \utf8     {"{iз}"}
602             { curlanguage "russian" =
603                 \!utf8     {"{\cyr\cyri\cyrz}"}
604                 \utf8     {"{из}"}
605                 {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.of" * * warning$ "of"}
606             if$}
607         if$}
608     if$}
609 if$}
610

```

bbl.etal

```

611 FUNCTION {bbl.etal}
612 { curlanguage "english" =
613     {"et~al."}
614     { curlanguage "german" =
615         {"u.~a."}

```

```

616     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
617 \!utf8)         {"{\cyr\cyrt\cyra~\cyrii\cyrn.}" }
618 \utf8)         {"{\tra~iH.}" }
619     { curlanguage "russian" =
620 \!utf8)         {"{\cyr\cyri~\cyrd\cyrr.}" }
621 \utf8)         {"{\r~dp.}" }
622         {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.etal" * * warning$ "et~al."}
623     if$}
624 if$}
625 if$}
626 if$}
627

```

bbl.and

```

628 FUNCTION {bbl.and}
629 { curlanguage "english" =
630 {"and"}
631   { curlanguage "german" =
632     { "und" }
633     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
634 \!utf8)         {"{\cyrii}" }
635 \utf8)         {"i"}
636     { curlanguage "russian" =
637 \!utf8)         {"{\cyri}" }
638 \utf8)         {"r"}
639     { curlanguage "french" =
640       {"et"}
641       {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.and" * * warning$ "and"}
642     if$}
643     if$}
644     if$}
645     if$}
646 if$}
647

```

bbl.number

```

648 FUNCTION {bbl.number}
649 { curlanguage "english" =
650 {"Number"}
651   { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
652 \!utf8)         { "\CYRN\cyro\cyrm\cyre\cyrr" }
653 \utf8)         { "{Homep}" }
654     { curlanguage "german" =
655       {"{Heft}"} %% { "Anzahl" }
656       {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.number" * * warning$ "Number"}
657     if$}
658     if$}
659 if$}
660

```

bbl.number

```

661 FUNCTION {bbl.number}

```

```

662 { curlanguage "english" =
663   {"number"}
664   { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
665   \!utf8)   {"{\cyr\cyrn\cyro\cyrm\cyre\cyrr}" }
666   \utf8)   {"{номер}" }
667     { curlanguage "german" =
668     {"{Heft}" } %%% { "anzahl" } ???
669     {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.number" * * warning$ "number"}
670     if$}
671   if$}
672 if$}
673

```

bbl.nr

```

674 FUNCTION {bbl.nr}
675 { curlanguage "english" =
676   {"no."}
677   { curlanguage "italian" =
678     { "no." }
679     { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
680     \!utf8)   {"{\cyr\textnumero}" }
681     \utf8)   {"{№}" }
682     { curlanguage "german" =
683     {"{nu.}" } %%% { "an." }
684     { curlanguage "french" =
685     { "no." }
686     {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.nr" * * warning$ "no."}
687     if$}
688   if$}
689   if$}
690   if$}
691 if$}
692

```

bbl.nnr

```

693 FUNCTION {bbl.nnr}
694 { curlanguage "english" =
695   {"No."}
696   { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
697   \!utf8)   {"{\cyr\textnumero}" }
698   \utf8)   {"{№}" }
699     { curlanguage "german" =
700     {"{H.}" } %%% { "an." }
701     {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.nnr" * * warning$ "No."}
702     if$}
703   if$}
704 if$}
705

```

bbl.in

```

706 FUNCTION {bbl.in}
707 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "german" = or

```

```

708 {"in"}
709 { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
710 \!utf8) {"{\cyr\cyrv}" }
711 \utf8) {"{B}" }
712 {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.in" * * warning$ "in"}
713 if$}
714 if$}
715

```

bbl.iin Currently not used.

```

716 FUNCTION {bbl.iin}
717 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "german" = or
718 {"In"}
719 { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
720 \!utf8) {"\CYRV" }
721 \utf8) {"{B}" }
722 {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.iin" * * warning$ "In"}
723 if$}
724 if$}
725

```

bbl.pages

```

726 FUNCTION {bbl.pages}
727 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "french" = or curlanguage "italian" = or
728 {"p."} %%% {"pp."}
729 { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
730 \!utf8) {"{\cyr\cyrs.}" }
731 \utf8) {"{c.}" }
732 { curlanguage "german" =
733 {"S."} %%% {"s." }
734 {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.pages" * * warning$ "p."}
735 if$}
736 if$}
737 if$}
738

```

bbl.page

```

739 FUNCTION {bbl.page}
740 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "french" = or curlanguage "italian" = or
741 {"p."}
742 { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
743 \!utf8) {"{\cyr\cyrs.}" }
744 \utf8) {"{c.}" }
745 { curlanguage "german" =
746 {"S."} %%% {"s." }
747 {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.page" * * warning$ "p."}
748 if$}
749 if$}
750 if$}
751

```

bbl.ppages


```

752 FUNCTION {bbl.ppages}
753 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "french" = or curlanguage "italian" = or
754   {"P."} %%%% { "Pp." }
755   { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
756     \!utf8)      {"{\cyr\CYRS.}" }
757     \utf8)      {"{C.}" }
758     { curlanguage "german" =
759       {"S."}
760       {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.ppages" * * warning$ "P."}
761     if$}
762   if$}
763 if$}
764

```

bbl.ppage

```

765 FUNCTION {bbl.ppage}
766 { curlanguage "english" = curlanguage "french" = or curlanguage "italian" = or
767   {"P."}
768   { curlanguage "ukrainian" = curlanguage "russian" = or
769     \!utf8)      {"{\cyr\CYRS.}" }
770     \utf8)      {"{C.}" }
771     { curlanguage "german" =
772       {"S."}
773       {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.ppage" * * warning$ "P."}
774     if$}
775   if$}
776 if$}
777

```

bbl.url Added in version 2016.07.07.

```

778 FUNCTION {bbl.url}
779 { curlanguage "english" =
780   {"Access mode"}
781   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
782     \!utf8)      {"{\CYRR\cyre\cyrzh\cyri\cyrm\ \cyrd\cyro\cyrs\cyrt\cyru\cyrp\cyru}" }
783     \utf8)      {"{Режим доступу}" }
784     { curlanguage "russian" =
785     \!utf8)      {"{\CYRR\cyre\cyrzh\cyri\cyrm\ \cyrd\cyro\cyrs\cyrt\cyru\cyrp\cyra}" }
786     \utf8)      {"{Режим доступа}" }
787     { curlanguage "german" =
788       {"{online; abgerufen}" }
789       { curlanguage "french" =
790         {"Mode d'acc\`{e}s" }
791         {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.url" * * warning$ "online; accessed" }
792       if$}
793     if$}
794   if$}
795   if$}
796 if$}

```

bbl.urldate Added in version 2012.01.15.

```

797 FUNCTION {bbl.urldate}

```

```

798 { curlanguage "english" =
799   {"online; accessed"}
800   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
801     (!utf8)   { "{\cyrd\cyra\cyrt\cyra\ \cyrz\cyrv\cyre\cyrr\cyrn\cyre\cyrn\cyrn\cyrya}" }
802     (utf8)    { "{дата звернення}" }
803     { curlanguage "russian" =
804       (!utf8)   { "{\cyrd\cyra\cyrt\cyra\ \cyro\cyrb\cyrr\cyra\cyrshch\cyre\cyrn\cyri\cyrya}" }
805       (utf8)    { "{дата обращения}" }
806       { curlanguage "german" =
807         {"online; abgerufen"} }
808         { curlanguage "french" =
809           {"en ligne; acc\’{e}d\’{e}"} }
810           {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.urldate" * * warning$ "online; accessed" }
811         if$}
812       if$}
813     if$}
814   if$}
815 if$}
816

```

bbl.techreport

```

817 FUNCTION {bbl.techreport}
818 { curlanguage "english" =
819   { "Rep." }
820   { curlanguage "german" =
821     { "Bericht" }
822     { curlanguage "russian" =
823       (!utf8)   { "{\cyr\CYRO\cyrt\cyrch\cyre\cyrt}" }
824       (utf8)    { "{Отчет}" }
825       {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.techrep" * * warning$ "Rep." }
826       if$}
827     if$}
828   if$}
829

```

bbl.mathesis

```

830 FUNCTION {bbl.mathesis}
831 { curlanguage "english" =
832   { "Master's thesis" }
833   { curlanguage "german" =
834     { "diss.~mag." }
835     { curlanguage "russian" =
836       (!utf8)   { "{\cyr\cyrk\cyrv\cyra\cyrl\cyri\cyrf\cyri\cyrk\cyra\cyrc\cyri"
837       (!utf8)   "\cyro\cyrn\cyrn\cyra\cyrya\ \cyrr\cyra\cyrb\cyro\cyrt\cyra\ " *
838       (!utf8)   "\cyrm\cyra\cyrg\cyri\cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra}" * }
839       (utf8)    { "{квалификационная работа магистра}" }
840       {"language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.mthesis" * * warning$ "Master's thesis" }
841       if$}
842     if$}
843   if$}
844

```

bb1.phdthesis

```
845 FUNCTION {bb1.phdthesis}
846 { curlanguage "english" =
847   { "Ph.\,D. thesis" }
848   { curlanguage "german" =
849     { "diss.~Ph.\,D." }
850     { curlanguage "russian" =
851       { "\{cyr\cyrd\cyri\cyrs.\ \ldots\ \cyrk\cyra\cyrn\cyrd. "
852         "\cyrn\cyra\cyru\cyrk}" * }
853       { "\{дис.\ \ldots\ канд.\ наук}" }
854     { curlanguage "french" =
855       { "th\{e\}se de doctorat" }
856     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bb1.phdthesis" * * warning$ "Ph.\,D. thesis" }
857     if$}
858   if$}
859 if$}
860 if$}
861
```

bb1.docthesi

```
862 FUNCTION {bb1.docthesi}
863 { curlanguage "english" =
864   { "dr.\,sci. dissertation" }
865   { curlanguage "german" =
866     { "diss.~dr." }
867     { curlanguage "russian" =
868       { "\{cyr\cyrd\cyri\cyrs.\ \ldots\ \cyrd-\cyrr\cyra\ "
869         "\cyrn\cyra\cyru\cyrk}" * }
870       { "\{дис.\ \ldots\ д-ра наук}" }
871     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bb1.docthesi" * * warning$ "Dr.\,Sci. dissertation"
872     if$}
873   if$}
874 if$}
875
```

bb1.nnoaddress

```
876 FUNCTION {bb1.nnoaddress}
877 { curlanguage "english" =
878   { "S.\ 1." }
879   { curlanguage "russian" =
880     { "\{cyr\CYRE.\ \cyrm.}" }
881     { "\{Б.\ м.}" }
882     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bb1.nnoaddress" * * warning$ "S.\ 1." }
883     if$}
884 if$}
885
```

bb1.nopublisher

```
886 FUNCTION {bb1.nopublisher}
887 { curlanguage "english" =
888   { "s.\ n." }
```

```

889 { curlanguage "russian" =
890 <!utf8> { "{\cyr\cyrb.\ \cyri.}" }
891 <utf8> { "{б.\ и.}" }
892 { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.nnopublisher" * * warning$ "s.\ n." }
893 if$}
894 if$}
895

```

bbl.nnopublisher

```

896 FUNCTION {bbl.nnopublisher}
897 { curlanguage "english" =
898 { "S.\ n." }
899 { curlanguage "russian" =
900 <!utf8> { "{\cyr\CYRB.\ \cyri.}" }
901 <utf8> { "{Б.\ и.}" }
902 { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.nnopublisher" * * warning$ "S.\ n." }
903 if$}
904 if$}
905

```

bbl.media.text

```

906 FUNCTION {bbl.media.text}
907 { curlanguage "english" =
908 { "Text" }
909 { curlanguage "russian" = curlanguage "ukrainian" = or
910 <!utf8> { "{\cyr\CYRT\cyre\cyrk\cyrs\cyrt}" }
911 <utf8> { "{Текст}" }
912 { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.media" * * warning$ "Text" }
913 if$}
914 if$}
915

```

bbl.media.eresource

```

916 FUNCTION {bbl.media.eresource}
917 { curlanguage "english" =
918 { "Electronic resource" }
919 { curlanguage "russian" =
920 <!utf8> { "{\cyr\CYREREV\cyr\cyre\cyrk\cyrt\cyrr\cyro\cyrn\cyrn\cyrery\cyrishrt\ "
921 <!utf8> { "\cyrr\cyre\cyrs\cyru\cyrr\cyrs}" * }
922 <utf8> { "{Электронный ресурс}" }
923 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
924 <!utf8> { "{\cyr\CYRE\cyr\cyre\cyrk\cyrt\cyrr\cyro\cyrn\cyrn\cyri\cyrishrt\ "
925 <!utf8> { "\cyrr\cyre\cyrs\cyru\cyrr\cyrs}" * }
926 <utf8> { "{Електронний ресурс}" }
927 { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.media" * * warning$ "Electronic resource" }
928 if$}
929 if$}
930 if$}
931

```

bbl.media.online

```

932 FUNCTION {bbl.media.online}

```

```

933 { curlanguage "english" =
934   { "Electronic resource online" }
935   { curlanguage "russian" =
936     { "\{cyr\CYREREV\cyr\cyre\cyrk\cyrt\cyrr\cyro\cyrn\cyrn\cyrery\cyrishrt\ "
937     { "\cyrr\cyre\cyrs\cyru\cyrr\cyrs\ \cyro\cyrn\cyr\cyra\cyrishrt\cyrn}" * }
938     { "\{Электронный ресурс онлайн}" }
939     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
940     { "\{cyr\CYRE\cyr\cyre\cyrk\cyrt\cyrr\cyro\cyrn\cyrn\cyri\cyrishrt\ "
941     { "\cyrr\cyre\cyrs\cyru\cyrr\cyrs\ \cyro\cyrn\cyr\cyra\cyrishrt\cyr}" * }
942     { "\{Електронний ресурс онлайн}" }
943     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.media" * * warning$ "Electronic resource" }
944     if$}
945   if$}
946 if$}
947

```

bbl.chief

```

948 FUNCTION {bbl.chief}
949 { curlanguage "english" =
950   { "chief" }
951   { curlanguage "russian" =
952     { "\cyrr\cyru\cyrk." }
953     { "\{рук.}" }
954     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
955     { "\cyrr\cyru\cyrk." }
956     { "\{рук.}" }
957     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.chief" * * warning$ "chief" }
958     if$}
959   if$}
960 if$}
961

```

bbl.executor

```

962 FUNCTION {bbl.executor}
963 { curlanguage "english" =
964   { "executor" }
965   { curlanguage "russian" =
966     { "\{cyr\cyri\cyrs\cyrp\cyro\cyr\cyrn.}" }
967     { "\{исполн.}" }
968     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
969     { "\{cyr\cyrv\cyri\cyrk\cyro\cyrn\cyra\cyrv\cyre\cyrc\cyrsfts\}" }
970     { "\{виконавець}" }
971     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.executor" * * warning$ "executor" }
972     if$}
973   if$}
974 if$}
975

```

bbl.media

```

976 FUNCTION {bbl.media}
977 { media "online" =
978   { bbl.media.online }

```

```

979 { media "eresource" =
980   { bbl.media.eresource }
981   { bbl.media.text }
982   if$}
983 if$}
984

```

bbl.req

```

985 FUNCTION {bbl.req}
986 {
987   curlanguage "english" =
988   { "req." }
989   { curlanguage "german" =
990     { "ang." }
991     { curlanguage "russian" =
992       (!utf8) { "{\cyr\cyrz\cyra\cyrya\cyrv\cyr1.}" }
993       (utf8)  { "{заявл.}" }
994       { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.req" * * warning$ "req" }
995       if$
996     }
997   if$
998   }
999   if$
1000 }
1001

```

bbl.publ

```

1002 FUNCTION {bbl.publ}
1003 {
1004   curlanguage "english" =
1005   { "publ." }
1006   { curlanguage "german" =
1007     { "ausg." }
1008     { curlanguage "russian" =
1009       (!utf8) { "{\cyr\cyro\cyrp\cyru\cyrb\cyr1.}" }
1010       (utf8)  { "{опубл.}" }
1011       { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.publication" * * warning$ "publication" }
1012       if$
1013     }
1014   if$
1015   }
1016   if$
1017 }
1018

```

bbl.priority

```

1019 FUNCTION {bbl.priority}
1020 {
1021   curlanguage "english" =
1022   { "priority" }
1023   { curlanguage "german" =
1024     { "Prioritat" }

```

```

1025     { curlanguage "russian" =
1026 <!utf8>         { "\{cyr\cyrp\cyrr\cyri\cyro\cyrr\cyri\cyrt\cyre\cyrt}" }
1027 <utf8>         { "{приоритет}" }
1028     { "language is not defined: " curlanguage " in bbl.priority" * * warning$ "priority" }
1029     if$
1030     }
1031     if$
1032     }
1033     if$
1034 }
1035

bbl.jan           New in version 1.2k.
bbl.feb 1036 FUNCTION {bbl.jan}
bbl.mar 1037 { curlanguage "english" =
bbl.apr 1038     {"Jan."}
bbl.may 1039     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
bbl.jun 1040 <!utf8>         {"\CYRS\cyrii\cyrch."}
bbl.jul 1041 <utf8>         {"Січ."} % Січень
bbl.aug 1042     { curlanguage "russian" =
bbl.sep 1043 <!utf8>         { "\CYRYA\cyrn\cyrv." }
bbl.oct 1044 <utf8>         { "Янв." }
bbl.nov 1045     { curlanguage "german" =
bbl.dec 1046         { "Jan." } % Januar
1047         { "language is not defined: bbl.jan for " curlanguage * warning$ "Jan." }
1048         if$}
1049     if$}
1050     if$}
1051 if$}
1052
1053 FUNCTION {bbl.feb}
1054 { curlanguage "english" =
1055     {"Feb."}
1056     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1057 <!utf8>         {"\CYRL\cyryu\cyrt."}
1058 <utf8>         {"Лют."} % Лютий
1059     { curlanguage "russian" =
1060 <!utf8>         { "\CYRF\cyre\cyrv\cyrr." }
1061 <utf8>         { "Фев." }
1062     { curlanguage "german" =
1063         {"Feb."} % Februar
1064         {"language is not defined: bbl.feb for " curlanguage * warning$ "Feb."}
1065         if$}
1066     if$}
1067     if$}
1068 if$}
1069
1070 FUNCTION {bbl.mar}
1071 { curlanguage "english" =
1072     {"Mar."}
1073     { curlanguage "ukrainian" =

```

```

1074 (!utf8)      {"\CYRB\cyre\cyrr."}
1075 (utf8)       {"Бер."} % Березень
1076             { curlanguage "russian" =
1077 (!utf8)       { "\CYRM\cyra\cyrr\cyrt" }
1078 (utf8)        { "Март" }
1079             { curlanguage "german" =
1080               {"März"} % März
1081               {"language is not defined: bbl.mar for " curlanguage * warning$ "Mar."}
1082             if$}
1083             if$}
1084             if$}
1085 if$}
1086
1087 FUNCTION {bbl.apr}
1088 { curlanguage "english" =
1089   {"Apr."}
1090   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1091     (!utf8)      {"\CYRK\cyrv\cyrii\cyrt."}
1092     (utf8)       {"Квіт."} % квітень
1093     { curlanguage "russian" =
1094       (!utf8)    { "\CYRA\cyrp\cyrr." }
1095       (utf8)     { "Апр." }
1096       { curlanguage "german" =
1097         {"Apr."} % April
1098         {"language is not defined: bbl.apr for " curlanguage * warning$ "Apr." }
1099       if$}
1100     if$}
1101     if$}
1102 if$}
1103
1104 FUNCTION {bbl.may}
1105 { curlanguage "english" =
1106   {"May"}
1107   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1108     (!utf8)      {"\CYRT\cyrr\cyra\cyrv."}
1109     (utf8)       {"Трав."} % травень
1110     { curlanguage "russian" =
1111       (!utf8)    { "\CYRM\cyra\cyrishrt" }
1112       (utf8)     { "Май" }
1113       { curlanguage "german" =
1114         {"Mai"}
1115         {"language is not defined: bbl.may for " curlanguage * warning$ "May" }
1116       if$}
1117     if$}
1118     if$}
1119 if$}
1120
1121 FUNCTION {bbl.jun}
1122 { curlanguage "english" =
1123   {"June"}

```



```

1124 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1125 <!utf8>      {"\CYRCH\cyre\cyrr."}
1126 <utf8>      {"Чер."} % червень
1127 { curlanguage "russian" =
1128 <!utf8>      { "\CYRI\cyryu\cyrn\cyrsftsn" }
1129 <utf8>      { "ИЮНЬ" }
1130 { curlanguage "german" =
1131 { "Juni"}
1132 { "language is not defined: bbl.jun for " curlanguage * warning$ "June" }
1133 if$}
1134 if$}
1135 if$}
1136 if$}
1137
1138 FUNCTION {bbl.jul}
1139 { curlanguage "english" =
1140 {"July"}
1141 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1142 <!utf8>      {"\CYRL\cyri\cyrp."}
1143 <utf8>      {"Липень"} % Липень
1144 { curlanguage "russian" =
1145 <!utf8>      { "\CYRI\cyryu\cyrl\cyrsftsn" }
1146 <utf8>      { "Июль" }
1147 { curlanguage "german" =
1148 {"Juli"}
1149 { "language is not defined: bbl.jul for " curlanguage * warning$ "July" }
1150 if$}
1151 if$}
1152 if$}
1153 if$}
1154
1155 FUNCTION {bbl.aug}
1156 { curlanguage "english" =
1157 {"Aug."}
1158 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1159 <!utf8>      {"\CYRS\cyre\cyrr."}
1160 <utf8>      {"Серпень"} % Серпень
1161 { curlanguage "russian" =
1162 <!utf8>      { "\CYRA\cyrv\cyrg\." }
1163 <utf8>      { "Авг." }
1164 { curlanguage "german" =
1165 {"Aug."} % August
1166 { "language is not defined: bbl.aug for " curlanguage * warning$ "Aug." }
1167 if$}
1168 if$}
1169 if$}
1170 if$}
1171
1172 FUNCTION {bbl.sep}
1173 { curlanguage "english" =

```

```

1174 {"Sep."}
1175 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1176 (!utf8) {"\CYRV\cyre\cyrr."}
1177 (utf8) {"Вер."} % вересень
1178 { curlanguage "russian" =
1179 (!utf8) {"\CYRS\cyre\cyrn\cyrt." }
1180 (utf8) {"Сент." }
1181 { curlanguage "german" =
1182 {"Sep."} % September
1183 {"language is not defined: bbl.sep for " curlanguage * warning$ "Sep." }
1184 if$}
1185 if$}
1186 if$}
1187 if$}
1188
1189 FUNCTION {bbl.oct}
1190 { curlanguage "english" =
1191 {"Oct."}
1192 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1193 (!utf8) {"\CYRZH\cyro\cyrn."}
1194 (utf8) {"Жов."} % жовтень
1195 { curlanguage "russian" =
1196 (!utf8) {"\CYRO\cyrk\cyrt." }
1197 (utf8) {"Окт." }
1198 { curlanguage "german" =
1199 {"Okt."} % Oktober
1200 {"language is not defined: bbl.oct for " curlanguage * warning$ "Oct." }
1201 if$}
1202 if$}
1203 if$}
1204 if$}
1205
1206 FUNCTION {bbl.nov}
1207 { curlanguage "english" =
1208 {"Nov."}
1209 { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1210 (!utf8) {"\CYRL\cyri\cyrs."}
1211 (utf8) {"Лис."} % листопад
1212 { curlanguage "russian" =
1213 (!utf8) {"\CYRN\cyro\cyrya\cyrb." }
1214 (utf8) {"Нояб." }
1215 { curlanguage "german" =
1216 {"Nov."} % November
1217 {"language is not defined: bbl.nov for " curlanguage * warning$ "Nov." }
1218 if$}
1219 if$}
1220 if$}
1221 if$}
1222
1223 FUNCTION {bbl.dec}

```

```

1224 { curlanguage "english" =
1225   {"Dec."}
1226   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1227     (!utf8)   {"\CYRG\cyrr\cyru\cyrd."}
1228     (utf8)    {"Груд."} % грудень
1229     { curlanguage "russian" =
1230       (!utf8)   {"\CYRD\cyre\cyrk." }
1231       (utf8)    {"Дек." }
1232       { curlanguage "german" =
1233         {"Dez."} % Dezember
1234         { "language is not defined: bbl.dec for " curlanguage * warning$ "Dec." }
1235         if$}
1236     if$}
1237   if$}
1238 if$}

```

bbl.arxiv New in version 1.2k.

```
bbl.jstor 1239 FUNCTION {bbl.arxiv}
```

```
bbl.pubmed 1240 { curlanguage "english" =
```

```
bbl.googlebooks 1241   { "ArXiv" }
```

```
  bbl.hdl 1242   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
```

```
  1243 (!utf8)   {"ArXiv"}
```

```
  1244 (utf8)    {"ArXiv"}
```

```
  1245   { curlanguage "russian" =
```

```
  1246 (!utf8)   { "ArXiv" }
```

```
  1247 (utf8)    { "ArXiv" }
```

```
  1248   { curlanguage "german" =
```

```
  1249     { "ArXiv" }
```

```
  1250     { "language is not defined: bbl.arxiv for " curlanguage * warning$ "ArXiv" }
```

```
  1251     if$}
```

```
  1252   if$}
```

```
  1253 if$}
```

```
1254 if$}
```

```
1255
```

```
1256 FUNCTION {bbl.jstor}
```

```
1257 { curlanguage "english" =
```

```
1258   { "JSTOR" }
```

```
1259   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
```

```
1260 (!utf8)   {"JSTOR"}
```

```
1261 (utf8)    {"JSTOR"}
```

```
1262   { curlanguage "russian" =
```

```
1263 (!utf8)   { "JSTOR" }
```

```
1264 (utf8)    { "JSTOR" }
```

```
1265   { curlanguage "german" =
```

```
1266     { "JSTOR" }
```

```
1267     { "language is not defined: bbl.jstor for " curlanguage * warning$ "JSTOR" }
```

```
1268     if$}
```

```
1269   if$}
```

```
1270 if$}
```

```
1271 if$}
```

```
1272
```

```

1273 FUNCTION {bbl.pubmed}
1274 { curlanguage "english" =
1275   { "PubMed" }
1276   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1277     (!utf8)   {"PubMed"}
1278     (utf8)    {"PubMed"}
1279     { curlanguage "russian" =
1280       (!utf8)   { "PubMed" }
1281       (utf8)    { "PubMed" }
1282       { curlanguage "german" =
1283         { "PubMed" }
1284         { "language is not defined: bbl.pubmed for " curlanguage * warning$ "PubMed" }
1285         if$}
1286       if$}
1287     if$}
1288 if$}
1289
1290 FUNCTION {bbl.googlebooks}
1291 { curlanguage "english" =
1292   { "Google Books" }
1293   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1294     (!utf8)   {"Google \CYRK\cyrn\cyri\cyrg\cyri"}
1295     (utf8)    {"Google Книги"}
1296     { curlanguage "russian" =
1297       (!utf8)   { "Google \CYRK\cyrn\cyri\cyrg\cyri" }
1298       (utf8)    { "Google Книги" }
1299       { curlanguage "german" =
1300         { "Google Books" }
1301         { "language is not defined: bbl.googlebooks for " curlanguage * warning$ "Google Books" }
1302         if$}
1303       if$}
1304     if$}
1305 if$}
1306
1307 FUNCTION {bbl.hdl}
1308 { curlanguage "english" =
1309   { "Handle.Net" }
1310   { curlanguage "ukrainian" =
1311     (!utf8)   {"Handle.Net"}
1312     (utf8)    {"Handle.Net"}
1313     { curlanguage "russian" =
1314       (!utf8)   { "Handle.Net" }
1315       (utf8)    { "Handle.Net" }
1316       { curlanguage "german" =
1317         { "Handle.Net" }
1318         { "language is not defined: bbl.hdl for " curlanguage * warning$ "Handle.Net" }
1319         if$}
1320       if$}
1321     if$}
1322 if$}

```

6.6 Aliases

Aliases to some fields are introduced with the help of *field1.or.field2* functions.

`address.or.location` Pushes `address` field if not empty; otherwise pushes `location` value even if it is empty.

```
1323 %FUNCTION {address.or.location}
1324 %{
1325 %   address empty$
1326 %     { location empty$
1327 %       'skip$
1328 %     { location }
1329 %   if$ }
1330 %   { address }
1331 % if$
1332 %}
1333 FUNCTION {address.or.location}
1334 {
1335   address empty$
1336     { location }
1337     { address }
1338   if$
1339 }
1340
```

`specialitycode.or.number` Pushed `specialitycode` value if not empty; otherwise returns `number` value even if the latter is empty.

```
1341 FUNCTION {specialitycode.or.number}
1342 {
1343   specialitycode empty$
1344     { number }
1345     { specialitycode }
1346   if$
1347 }
1348
```

`institution.or.school` Pushes `institution` value if not empty; otherwise returns `school` value even if the latter is empty.

```
1349 FUNCTION {institution.or.school}
1350 {
1351   institution empty$
1352     { school }
1353     { institution }
1354   if$
1355 }
```

6.7 Formatting dates

(NB: NEEDS to be located before natbib labels. This is experimental section. Needs to be upgraded.)

`date.to.year` New in version 1.2k. Extracts year from date. Currently, only the date of the form either YYYY-MM-DD, or YYYY-MM, or YYYY can be processed as expected. Returns `date` if it is empty or has wrong format.

```

1356 FUNCTION {date.to.year}
1357 {
1358   date empty$
1359   { date }
1360   {
1361     (*debug)
1362     "date.to.year::: date in " cite$ * " =" * date * warning$
1363     "date.to.year::: length of date is " date text.length$ int.to.str$ * warning$
1364   } (*debug)
1365   date text.length$ #3 >
1366   {
1367     date #1 #4 substring$ 'y :=
1368     (*debug)
1369     "::::: y=" y * warning$
1370   } (*debug)
1371   y
1372   }
1373   {
1374     "wrong format of date in " cite$ * ": date=" * date * warning$
1375     date
1376   }
1377   if$
1378 }
1379 if$
1380 }
1381

```

date.to.month New in version 1.2k. Extracts month from date. Returns date if it is empty or has wrong format.

```

1382 FUNCTION {date.to.month}
1383 {
1384   date empty$
1385   { date }
1386   {
1387     (*debug)
1388     "date.to.month::: date in " cite$ * " =" * date * warning$
1389     "date.to.month::: length of date is " date text.length$ int.to.str$ * warning$
1390   } (*debug)
1391   date text.length$ #6 >
1392   {
1393     date #6 #2 substring$ 'm :=
1394     (*debug)
1395     "::::: m=" m * warning$
1396   } (*debug)
1397   m
1398   }
1399   {
1400     "wrong format of date in " cite$ * ": date=" * date * warning$
1401     date
1402   }
1403   if$

```

```

1404   }
1405   if$
1406 }
1407

```

`date.to.day` New in version 1.2k. Extracts year from date. Returns `date` if it is empty or has wrong format.

```

1408 FUNCTION {date.to.day}
1409 {
1410   date empty$
1411   { date }
1412   {
1413   (*debug)
1414     "date.to.day::: date in " cite$ * " =" * date * warning$
1415     "date.to.day::: length of date is " date text.length$ int.to.str$ * warning$
1416   (/debug)
1417     date text.length$ #10 =
1418     {
1419       date #9 #2 substring$ 'd :=
1420   (*debug)
1421     "::::: d=" d * warning$
1422   (/debug)
1423     d
1424     }
1425     {
1426       "wrong format of date in " cite$ * ": date=" * date * warning$
1427       date
1428     }
1429     if$
1430   }
1431   if$
1432 }
1433

```

`r.or.date.to.year` New in version 1.2k. Returns `year` if not empty; otherwise call `date.to.year`.
(NB: ВОЗМОЖНО, ПОДОБНЫЕ ФУНКЦИИ ЛУЧШЕ назвать `this.year`.)

```

1434 FUNCTION {year.or.date.to.year}
1435 {
1436   year empty$
1437   {
1438   (*debug)
1439     "year.or.date.to.year::: empty year in " cite$ * warning$
1440   (/debug)
1441     date.to.year
1442   }
1443   { year }
1444   if$
1445 }
1446

```

`format.month` Reads month field and translate standard English abbreviation of months (as defined by

jan, feb, etc. macros below) to current language. (NB: НАДО ИЗОБРЕСТИ ЧТО-ТО ВРОДЕ month.or.date.to.month (this.month).)

```

1447 FUNCTION {format.month}
1448 { month empty$
1449   { "" }
1450   { month "Jan." =
1451     { bbl.jan }
1452   { month "Feb." =
1453     { bbl.feb }
1454   { month "Mar." =
1455     { bbl.mar }
1456   { month "Apr." =
1457     { bbl.apr }
1458   { month "May" =
1459     { bbl.may }
1460   { month "Jun." =
1461     { bbl.jun }
1462   { month "Jul." =
1463     { bbl.jul }
1464   { month "Aug." =
1465     { bbl.aug }
1466   { month "Sep." =
1467     { bbl.sep }
1468   { month "Oct." =
1469     { "Окт." }
1470   { month "Nov." =
1471     { bbl.nov }
1472   { month "Dec." =
1473     { bbl.dec }
1474     {
1475       "unknown month in " cite$ * warning$
1476       month
1477     }
1478     if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}if$}
1479   if$
1480 }
```

format.date

```

1481 FUNCTION {format.date}
1482 %{ year empty$
1483 { year.or.date.to.year empty$
1484   { month empty$
1485     { "" }
1486     { "there's a month but no year in " cite$ * warning$
1487       format.month
1488     }
1489     if$
1490   }
1491   { month empty$
1492   %     'year
```



```

1493 %      { year ". \BibDash " format.month * * }
1494      'year.or.date.to.year
1495      { year.or.date.to.year ". \BibDash " format.month * * }
1496      if$
1497    }
1498  if$
1499 }
1500

```

6.8 Formatting names

Declare functions to format separate elements of a bibliographic reference.

Important note

Neither `bibtex` nor `bibtex8` can handle unicoded text without troubles. In particular, they fail to reduce a Cyrillic name to initials. Therefore we avoid using `f.` primitive (which trims first name to first letter) when option `utf8` is in effect; in the latter case `ff` primitive is called instead.

```

1501 INTEGERS { nameptr namesleft numnames }
1502

```

`fmt.names.first` New version of functions formatting names. Function name indicates number of persons printed.
`fmt.names.three` These functions look for last literal in the stack which should not be empty; hence, they should be
`fmt.names.all` called by other functions that checks if the last literal is empty.

```

1503 FUNCTION {fmt.names.first}
1504 { #1
1505 <strict&!utf8> "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{,~f.}"
1506 <strict & utf8> "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{,~ff}"
1507 <!strict&!utf8> "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{~f.}"
1508 <!strict & utf8> "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{~ff}"
1509   format.name$
1510 }
1511
1512 FUNCTION {fmt.names.three}
1513 {
1514   's :=
1515   #1 'nameptr :=
1516   s num.names$ 'numnames :=
1517   numnames 'namesleft :=
1518   { namesleft #0 > }
1519   { s nameptr
1520 <strict&!utf8>   "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{,~f.}"
1521 <strict & utf8>   "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{,~ff}"
1522 <!strict&!utf8>   "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{~f.}"
1523 <!strict & utf8>   "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{~ff}"
1524   format.name$ 't :=
1525   nameptr #1 >
1526     { nameptr #4 = numnames #4 > and
1527       { "others" 't :=
1528         #1 'namesleft :=
1529       }

```

```

1530         'skip$
1531     if$
1532     namesleft #1 >
1533         { ", " * t * }
1534         { t "others" = t "~others" = or
1535 <!strict>             { " " * bbl.etal * }
1536 <strict>             { " " * bbl.etal bracketise *}
1537         { ", " * t * }
1538     if$
1539     }
1540     if$
1541     }
1542     't
1543     if$
1544     nameptr #1 + 'nameptr :=
1545     namesleft #1 - 'namesleft :=
1546     }
1547     while$
1548 }
1549
1550 FUNCTION {fmt.names.all}
1551 { 's :=
1552   #1 'nameptr :=
1553   s num.names$ 'numnames :=
1554   numnames 'namesleft :=
1555   { namesleft #0 > }
1556   { s nameptr
1557     %"{vv~}{ll}" format.name$ 't :=
1558 <strict&!utf8>     "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{,~f.}"
1559 <strict & utf8>     "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{,~ff}"
1560 <!strict&!utf8>     "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{~f.}"
1561 <!strict & utf8>     "{vv~}{ll}{~jj}{~ff}"
1562     format.name$ 't :=
1563     nameptr #1 >
1564     { namesleft #1 >
1565       { ", " * t * }
1566       { numnames #2 > curlanguage "english" = and
1567         { ", " * }
1568         'skip$
1569         if$
1570         t "others" = t "~others" = or
1571 <!strict>           { " " * bbl.etal * }
1572 <strict>           { " " * bbl.etal bracketise *}
1573           { " " bbl.and " " * * * t * }
1574         if$
1575       }
1576     if$
1577     }
1578     't
1579     if$

```

```

1580     nameptr #1 + 'nameptr :=
1581     namesleft #1 - 'namesleft :=
1582   }
1583 while$
1584 }
1585

```

6.9 Formatting names (cont.)

`format.author` Formats a list of authors for the heading part of a bibliographic record by applying either `fmt.names.first`, `fmt.names.three` or `fmt.names.all` to the field `author`, if it is not empty; otherwise it pushes empty `author`. This allows making a check as in the case of `format.author "author" output.check`.

(NB: Однако заметим, что все другие функции `format...` пустое поле замещают пустой строкой.)

```

1586 %FUNCTION {format.author}
1587 %{ author empty$
1588 %   %%{ " " } % < v.1.2k
1589 %   { author } % v.1.2k
1590 %   %{ author format.names.emphasize } % 1st if strict, <=3 otherwise
1591 %<long>   { author fmt.names.all emphasize }
1592 %<!long&strict>   { author fmt.names.first emphasize }
1593 %<!long&!strict>   { author fmt.names.three emphasize }
1594 % if$
1595 %}
1596 FUNCTION {format.author}
1597 {
1598   author empty$
1599   { author } %%'skip$
1600 <*long>
1601   { author fmt.names.all }
1602 </long>
1603 <!*long>
1604   {author num.names$ #4 <
1605     {
1606 <strict>       author fmt.names.first
1607 <!strict>      author fmt.names.three
1608     }
1609     { " " } %%'skip$
1610     if$}
1611 </!*long>
1612 if$
1613 }
1614

```

`format.bookauthors` Is used only once by `bookauthor.head` called in `inbook` entry. (NB: Not used anymore!)

```

1615 <*debug>
1616 %FUNCTION {format.bookauthors}
1617 %{ bookauthor empty$
1618 %   { " " }
1619 %   { bookauthor format.names}% cuts to 4 persons if !strict/ option

```

```

1620 % if$
1621 %}
1622 %
1623 </debug>

```

`format.author.rest` Formats author to be placed after a slash in the zone of responsibility of a bibliographic record. In contrast to `output.author.rest` does not check number of items in the `author` field; it is recommended to use `output.author.rest` instead whenever possible. **<NB: Not used any more.>**

```

1624 <*debug>
1625 FUNCTION {format.author.rest}
1626 {
1627 <*long>
1628   %% Does this work?
1629   %%skip$ % this seemed to work
1630   %% "" % this seemed to work
1631 </long>
1632 <!*long>
1633   author empty$
1634   %%{ "" } % < v.1.2k
1635   { author } % v.1.2k
1636   { author fmt.names.three }
1637   if$
1638 </!long>
1639 }
1640
1641 </debug>

```

`.bookauthors.rest`

```

1642 FUNCTION {format.bookauthors.rest}
1643 { bookauthor empty$
1644   { "" }
1645 <long> { bookauthor fmt.names.all emphasize }
1646 <!long> { bookauthor fmt.names.three emphasize }
1647 if$
1648 }
1649

```

`format.editors.rest`

```

1650 FUNCTION {format.editors.rest}
1651 { editor empty$
1652   { "" }
1653 <long> { bbl.edby "\ " * editor fmt.names.all * }
1654 <!long> { bbl.edby "\ " * editor fmt.names.three * }
1655 if$
1656 }
1657

```

`format.chief.rest` Formats editor field for report and techreport entries.

```

1658 FUNCTION {format.chief.rest}
1659 { editor empty$
1660   { "" }
1661 <long> { bbl.chief "\ " * editor fmt.names.all * }

```

```

1662 (!long)    { bbl.chief "\ " * editor fmt.names.three * }
1663   if$
1664 }
1665

```

mat.executor.rest

```

1666 FUNCTION {format.executor.rest}
1667 { author empty$
1668   { "" }
1669 (!long)    { bbl.executor ": " * author fmt.names.all * }
1670 (!long)    { bbl.executor ": " * author fmt.names.three * }
1671   if$
1672 }
1673

```

mat.compiler.rest

```

1674 FUNCTION {format.compiler.rest}
1675 { compiler empty$
1676   { "" }
1677 (!long)    { bbl.compiler "\ " * compiler fmt.names.all * }
1678 (!long)    { bbl.compiler "\ " * compiler fmt.names.three * }
1679   if$
1680 }
1681

```

6.10 Formatting natbib keys

1682 (*natbib)

fmt.names.brief

Formats all names like `fmt.names.all` except that first name of every person is dropped (dropped `ff` and `f.` modifiers).

(NB: Вероятно, нужно сократить число персон до 3х максимум. Что говорит ГОСТ? Где используется это? В метке ссылки это расширенный список авторов после краткого списка и года в необязательном аргументе `\bibitem.`)

```

1683 FUNCTION {fmt.names.brief}
1684 { 's :=
1685   #1 'nameptr :=
1686   s num.names$ 'numnames :=
1687   numnames 'namesleft :=
1688   { namesleft #0 > }
1689   { s nameptr "{vv~}{ll}" format.name$ 't :=
1690     nameptr #1 >
1691     {
1692       namesleft #1 >
1693       { ", " * t * }
1694       {
1695         numnames #2 > curlanguage "english" = and
1696         { ", " * }
1697         'skip$
1698         if$
1699         t "others" = t "~others" = or

```

```

1700         { " " bbl.etal * * }
1701         { " " bbl.and " " * * * t * }
1702     if$
1703     }
1704     if$
1705     }
1706     't
1707     if$
1708     nameptr #1 + 'nameptr :=
1709     namesleft #1 - 'namesleft :=
1710     }
1711 while$
1712 }
1713

```

`format.names.key` Declares function to go to left part of optional argument of `\bibitem` in the bibstyles generated with the option `natbib`. It cuts the list of person to 2 at most and drops first name of every person.

```

1714 FUNCTION {format.names.key}
1715 { 's :=
1716   set.language %% уже вызвана в output.bibitem, но вроде бы нужна и здесь
1717   s #1 "{vv~}{ll}" format.name$
1718   s num.names$ duplicate$
1719   #2 >
1720   { pop$ " " bbl.etal * * }
1721   { #2 <
1722     'skip$
1723     { s #2 "{ff }{vv }{ll}{ jj}" format.name$ "others" =
1724       { " " bbl.etal * * }
1725       { " " bbl.and " " * * * s #2 "{v~}{ll}" format.name$ * }
1726     if$
1727     }
1728   if$
1729   }
1730 if$
1731 }
1732

```

`format.key` Substitute an empty last literal in the stack (usually, `author`) with the `key` field if provided. Used as a heading of bibliographic record of `author` is empty.

```

1733 FUNCTION {format.key}
1734 { empty$
1735   { key field.or.null }
1736   { "" }
1737 if$
1738 }
1739

```

`author.key.label` Composes a key to be used as a reference label with `natbib` styles. If `author` field is empty an attempt is made to retrieve `key` field. If it is also empty 3 first letters are retrieved from the citation key `cite$`. If `author` field is not empty `format.names.key` defined above is called.

```

1740 FUNCTION {author.key.label}
1741 { author empty$

```

```

1742 { key empty$
1743   { cite$ #1 #3 substring$ }
1744   'key
1745   if$
1746 }
1747 { author format.names.key }
1748 if$
1749 }

```

.editor.key.label These functions operate similarly but engage a different set of fields. They are called below
y.organization.labelby calc.short.list.

```

y.organization.labelY50 FUNCTION {author.editor.key.label}
1751 { author empty$
1752   { editor empty$
1753     { key empty$
1754       { cite$ #1 #3 substring$ }
1755       %'key          %% causes lost of year
1756       { "{}" key * } %% Bug in bibtex8 ??
1757       if$
1758     }
1759     { editor format.names.key }
1760     if$
1761   }
1762   { author format.names.key }
1763   if$
1764 }
1765
1766 FUNCTION {author.key.organization.label}
1767 { author empty$
1768   { key empty$
1769     { organization empty$
1770       { cite$ #1 #3 substring$ }
1771       { "The " #4 organization chop.word #3 text.prefix$ }
1772       if$
1773     }
1774     'key
1775     if$
1776   }
1777   { author format.names.key }
1778   if$
1779 }
1780
1781 FUNCTION {editor.key.organization.label}
1782 { editor empty$
1783   { key empty$
1784     { organization empty$
1785       { cite$ #1 #3 substring$ }
1786       { "The " #4 organization chop.word #3 text.prefix$ }
1787       if$
1788     }
1789     'key

```

```

1790     if$
1791   }
1792   { editor format.names.key }
1793   if$
1794 }
1795

```

`calc.short.list` Calculates `short.list` for `\bibitem` label in `natbib` styles depending on the type of entry.

(NB: Нужна внимательная ревизия логики вычислений. В общем-то, она имеет значения в особом случае, когда поле `author` пустое.)

```

1796 FUNCTION {calc.short.list}
1797 { type$ "book" = type$ "inbook" = or
1798   'author.editor.key.label
1799   { type$ "proceedings" =
1800     'editor.key.organization.label
1801     { type$ "manual" =
1802       'author.key.organization.label
1803       'author.key.label
1804     }
1805   }
1806   if$
1807 }
1808 if$
1809 'short.list :=
1810 }
1811

```

`calc.label`

(NB: Вопреки названию, вычисляет только часть метки в [] для `\bibitem`. Скобка после года не закрыта, так как еще может быть добавлено a, b, ... Лучше перенести весь код `output.bibitem`.)

```

1812 FUNCTION {calc.label}
1813 { calc.short.list
1814   short.list
1815   "("
1816   *
1817   % year duplicate$ empty$
1818   year.or.date.to.year duplicate$ empty$
1819   short.list key field.or.null = or
1820     { pop$ "" }
1821     'skip$
1822   if$
1823   *
1824   'label :=
1825 }
1826

```

`calc.long.list` In case of `natbib` option, we need `calc.long.list` to compose `output.bibitem`, and the latter, in its turn, requires some more functions.

```

1827 FUNCTION {calc.long.list} %% called 1 time only
1828 { type$ "book" = type$ "inbook" = or
1829   %'format.author.editor.brief

```



```

1830 { author empty$
1831   { editor empty$
1832     { "" }
1833     { editor fmt.names.brief }
1834   if$
1835   }
1836   { author fmt.names.brief }
1837 if$
1838 }
1839 { type$ "proceedings" =
1840   %'format.editor.brief
1841   { editor empty$
1842     { "" }
1843     { editor fmt.names.brief }
1844   if$
1845   }
1846   %'format.author.brief
1847   { author empty$
1848     { "" }
1849     { author fmt.names.brief }
1850   if$
1851   }
1852 if$
1853 }
1854 if$
1855 }
1856
1857 </natbib>

```

6.11 Output functions (continued)

`address.publisher` Outputs `address` (or `location`) and `publisher` fields separated by colon if both fields are available; otherwise outputs that field which is not empty.

```

1858 <!*strict>
1859 FUNCTION {output.address.publisher}
1860 {
1861   address empty$ location empty$ and
1862   'skip$
1863   { address.or.location output
1864     publisher empty$
1865     'skip$
1866     { new.colon }
1867   if$
1868   }
1869 if$
1870 publisher output
1871 }
1872 </!*strict>
1873 <!*strict>
1874 FUNCTION {output.address.publisher}

```

```

1875 {
1876   address empty$
1877   {
1878     bbl.nnoaddress
1879     publisher empty$
1880     { "~: " * bbl.nopublisher * bracketise }
1881     { bracketise "~: " * publisher * }
1882     if$
1883   }
1884   {
1885     address output
1886     new.colon
1887     publisher empty$
1888     { bbl.nopublisher bracketise }
1889     { publisher }
1890     if$
1891   }
1892   if$
1893   output
1894 }
1895
1896 </strict>

```

`output.bibitem` Is called at the beginning of any entry. It sets `curlanguage` string variable based on `langid` or `language` field.

```

1897 FUNCTION {output.bibitem}
1898 {
1899   set.language
1900   newline$
1901   "\bibitem" write$
1902 (*natbib)
1903   label extra.label * ")" *
1904   calc.long.list *
1905   bracketise write$
1906 </natbib)
1907   cite$ bracyfy write$
1908   newline$
1909   "\selectlanguageifdefined" curlanguage bracyfy * write$
1910   newline$
1911   ""
1912   before.all 'output.state :=
1913 }
1914
1915 (*natbib)
1916 %FUNCTION {output.bibitem}
1917 %{ newline$
1918 % "\bibitem" write$
1919 %% author.key.label
1920 %% year parenthesify *
1921 %% "; lbl:" label * *

```

```

1922 %% " ; mfn:" calc.long.list * *
1923 % label
1924 % calc.long.list *
1925 % bracketise write$
1926 % cite$ bracyfy write$
1927 % newline$
1928 % language empty$
1929 % { "english" 'curlanguage := }
1930 % {language 'curlanguage := }
1931 % if$
1932 % "\selectlanguageifdefined" curlanguage bracyfy * write$
1933 % newline$
1934 % ""
1935 % before.all 'output.state :=
1936 %}
1937
1938 </natbib>

```

6.12 Formatting title, booktitle, etc.

Important note

Neither `bibtex.exe` nor `bibtex8.exe` can handle unicoded text without troubles. In particular, `bibtex8` fails to change case of a string if it contains Cyrillic letter. Therefore we avoid using `change.case$` when option `utf8` is applied.

`format.bvolume`

```

1939 FUNCTION {format.bvolume}
1940 { volume empty$
1941   { "" }
1942   { bbl.vvol volume tie.connect
1943     series empty$
1944     'skip$
1945     { bbl.of spaces.around * series emphasize * }
1946     if$
1947     "volume and number" number either.or.check
1948   }
1949 if$
1950 }
1951

```

`mat.number.series`

```

1952 FUNCTION {format.number.series}
1953 { volume empty$
1954   { number empty$
1955     { series field.or.null }
1956     { series empty$
1957       { "there's a number but no series in " cite$ * warning$
1958         bbl.nnr }
1959       {
1960         %new.dblslash
1961         new.sentence

```

```

1962         series
1963         bbl.nr
1964         tie.or.space.connect}
1965     if$
1966     number tie.or.space.connect
1967     }
1968 if$
1969     }
1970     { "" }
1971 if$
1972 }
1973

```

eng.ord Is not currently used. (NB: Note that bbl.st, bbl.nd, bbl.rd, bbl.th are not defined.)

```

1974 (*debug)
1975 FUNCTION {eng.ord}
1976 { duplicate$ "1" swap$ *
1977   #-2 #1 substring$ "1" =
1978   { bbl.th * }
1979   { duplicate$ #-1 #1 substring$
1980     duplicate$ "1" =
1981     { pop$ bbl.st * }
1982     { duplicate$ "2" =
1983       { pop$ bbl.nd * }
1984       { "3" =
1985         { bbl.rd * }
1986         { bbl.th * }
1987         if$
1988       }
1989     }
1990   }
1991   if$
1992 }
1993 if$
1994 }
1995 <\/debug)
1996

```

convert.edition

```

1997 FUNCTION {convert.edition}
1998 { edition
1999 % edition extract.num "1" change.case$ 's :=
2000 % s "first" = s "1" = or
2001 %   { bbl.first 't := }
2002 %   { s "second" = s "2" = or
2003 %     { bbl.second 't := }
2004 %     { s "third" = s "3" = or
2005 %       { bbl.third 't := }
2006 %       { s "fourth" = s "4" = or
2007 %         { bbl.fourth 't := }
2008 %         { s "fifth" = s "5" = or

```

```

2009 %           { bbl.fifth 't := }
2010 %           { s #1 #1 substring$ is.num
2011 %             { s eng.ord 't := }
2012 %             { edition 't := }
2013 %           if$
2014 %           }
2015 %         if$
2016 %       }
2017 %     if$
2018 %   }
2019 % if$
2020 % }
2021 % if$
2022 % }
2023 % if$
2024 % t
2025 }
2026

```

format.edition

```

2027 FUNCTION {format.edition}
2028 { edition empty$
2029   { "" }
2030   { output.state mid.sentence =
2031     {!utf8}   { convert.edition "l" change.case$ " " * bbl.edition * }
2032     {!utf8}   { convert.edition "t" change.case$ " " * bbl.edition * }
2033     {utf8}    { convert.edition " " * bbl.edition * }
2034     {utf8}    { convert.edition " " * bbl.edition * }
2035     if$
2036   }
2037   if$
2038 }
2039

```

format.pages

```

2040 FUNCTION {format.pages}
2041 { eid empty$
2042   {
2043     pages empty$
2044     { "" }
2045     { pages multi.page.check
2046       { bbl.ppages pages n.dashify tie.connect }
2047       { bbl.ppage pages tie.connect }
2048     if$
2049   }
2050   if$
2051 }
2052 { eid multi.page.check
2053   { bbl.ppages eid n.dashify tie.connect }
2054   { bbl.ppage eid tie.connect }
2055   if$

```

```
2056 }
2057 if$
2058 }
2059
```

format.pages.page

```
2060 FUNCTION {format.pages.page}
2061 { eid empty$
2062   { pages empty$
2063     { pagetotal empty$
2064       { "" }
2065       { pagetotal bbl.pages tie.connect }
2066       if$
2067     }
2068     { format.pages}
2069     if$
2070   }
2071   { format.pages }
2072   if$
2073 }
2074
```

mat.vol.num.pages

```
2075 FUNCTION {format.vol.num.pages}
2076 { volume field.or.null
2077   number empty$
2078   'skip$
2079   {
2080     ", no." number tie.or.space.connect *
2081     volume empty$
2082     { "there's a number but no volume in " cite$ * warning$ }
2083     'skip$
2084     if$
2085   }
2086   if$
2087   pages empty$
2088   'skip$
2089   { duplicate$ empty$
2090     { pop$ format.pages }
2091     { ": " * pages n.dashify * }
2092     if$
2093   }
2094   if$
2095 }
2096
```

format.volume

```
2097 FUNCTION {format.volume}
2098 { volume empty$
2099   { "" }
2100   { bbl.vvol volume tie.or.space.connect }
2101   if$
```

```
2102 }
2103
```

format.number

```
2104 FUNCTION {format.number}
2105 { number empty$
2106   { "" }
2107   { bbl.nr number tie.or.space.connect }
2108   if$
2109 }
2110
```

mat.chapter.pages

```
2111 (*debug)
2112 FUNCTION {format.chapter.pages}
2113 { chapter empty$
2114   'format.pages
2115   { type empty$
2116     { bbl.chapter }
2117     { type "1" change.case$ }
2118     if$
2119     chapter tie.or.space.connect
2120     pages empty$
2121     'skip$
2122     { ", " * format.pages * }
2123     if$
2124   }
2125   if$
2126 }
2127 </debug>
2128
```

empty.misc.check

```
2129 FUNCTION {empty.misc.check}
2130 { author empty$ title empty$ howpublished empty$
2131   month empty$ year empty$ note empty$
2132   and and and and and
2133   key empty$ not and
2134   { "all relevant fields are empty in " cite$ * warning$ }
2135   'skip$
2136   if$
2137 }
2138
```

bbl.thesis.type

(NB: ЭТУ ФУНКЦИЮ ПЕРЕНЕСТИ КУДА-ТО ВНИЗ ближе к format.thesis.type И объединить с ней (?))

```
2139 FUNCTION {bbl.thesis.type}
2140 { type "mathesis" =
2141   { bbl.mathesis }
2142   { type "phdthesis" =
2143     { bbl.phdthesis }

```

```

2144     { type "docthis" =
2145       { bbl.docthis }
2146       %%{ "!!!" type * "t" change.case$ }
2147 <!utf8>     { type "t" change.case$ }
2148 <utf8>      { type }
2149     if$}
2150   if$}
2151 if$}
2152

```

format.thesis.type

```

2153 %FUNCTION {format.thesis.type}
2154 %{ type empty$
2155 %   'skip$
2156 %   { pop$
2157 %<!utf8>     bbl.thesis.type "t" change.case$
2158 %<utf8>      bbl.thesis.type
2159 %   }
2160 %   if$
2161 %}
2162 FUNCTION {format.thesis.type}
2163 { type empty$
2164   'skip$
2165   { pop$
2166     bbl.thesis.type
2167   }
2168   if$
2169 }

```

chrep.type.number Function to format report type and number.

```

2170 %FUNCTION {format.techrep.type.number}
2171 %{ type empty$
2172 %   { bbl.techreport }
2173 %   'type
2174 %   if$
2175 %   number empty$
2176 %<!utf8>     { "t" change.case$ }
2177 %<utf8>      { "" }
2178 %   { number tie.or.space.connect }
2179 %   if$
2180 %}
2181
2182 FUNCTION {format.techreport.type}
2183 { type empty$
2184   { bbl.techreport }
2185   'type
2186   if$
2187 }
2188

```

output.author.head Formats and writes list of authors in the heading of a bibliographic record. The GOST bibstyles skip the list of authors in the beginning of the bibliographic record if the number of authors is 4

or larger except for the styles with suffix 1 which prints all authors in the heading. The bibstyles compiled with the option `struct print` at most 1 person name in the heading.

```

2189 FUNCTION {output.author.head}
2190 {
2191   author empty$
2192   'skip$
2193 <*/long>
2194   { author fmt.names.all output.nonnull
2195     %new.sentence
2196   }
2197 </long>
2198 <*/!long>
2199   {author num.names$ #4 <
2200     {
2201 <strict>      author fmt.names.first output
2202 <!strict>     author fmt.names.three output
2203       new.sentence
2204     }
2205     'skip$
2206     if$}
2207 </!long>
2208   if$
2209 }
2210

```

`bookauthor.head` There are also 2 version of the function `bookauthor.head`. Not used anymore!

`output.author.rest` Writes the rest of authors list after the entry title followed by a slash. In modern bibstyles, the list of authors in the heading part of a bibliographic record is cut to either 3 persons (if no `!strict` option is applied) or 1 person (if `strict` option). By idea, `output.author.rest` should print the rest of the authors in the `author` field but currently it also repeats the persons printed in the heading part. `output.author.rest` returns a null string ("") if all persons are printed in the heading part of the record. Note that all persons are always printed in the heading part if `long` option is applied.

```

2211 FUNCTION {output.author.rest}
2212 {
2213 <*/!long>
2214   author empty$
2215   'skip$
2216 <strict>     {author num.names$ #1 >
2217 <!strict>    {author num.names$ #3 >
2218     { author fmt.names.all output
2219       new.semicolon
2220     }
2221     'skip$
2222     if$}
2223   if$
2224 </!long>
2225 }
2226

```

`bookauthor.rest` This function is used only in `inbook` entry. It always cuts list to 4 persons since `format.bookauthors.rest` does that.

```
2227 FUNCTION {bookauthor.rest}
2228 {
2229   bookauthor empty$
2230   'skip$
2231   {
2232     <strict>      bookauthor fmt.names.all output
2233     <!strict>    bookauthor fmt.names.three output
2234     new.semicolon
2235   }
2236   if$
2237 }
2238
```

`organization.rest`

```
2239 FUNCTION {editor.organization.rest}
2240 {
2241   compiler empty$
2242   {}
2243   { format.compiler.rest output
2244     new.semicolon
2245   }
2246   if$
2247   editor empty$
2248   {}
2249   { format.editors.rest output.nonnull
2250     new.semicolon
2251   }
2252   if$
2253   organization empty$
2254   {}
2255   {organization output.nonnull
2256     new.semicolon
2257   }
2258   if$
2259 }
2260
```

`format.url`

```
2261 FUNCTION {format.url}
2262 { url empty$
2263   { "" }
2264   {
2265     bbl.url ": \BibUrl{" * url * "}" *
2266     urldate empty$
2267     { "" }
2268     { " (" bbl.urldate * ": " * urldate * ")" * }
2269     if$ *
2270   }
2271   if$
```

```
2272 }
2273
```

output.url

```
2274 FUNCTION {output.url}
2275 {
2276   url empty$
2277   'skip$
2278   { format.url output }
2279   if$
2280 }
2281
```

format.annotate

```
2282 FUNCTION {format.annotate}
2283 { annotate empty$
2284   { "" }
2285   { after.sentence 'output.state :=
2286     "\BibAnnote{" annotate add.period$ * "}" *
2287   }
2288   if$
2289 }
2290
```

format.isbn ⟨NB: Do we really need to provide electronic search for ISBN?⟩

```
2291 FUNCTION {format.isbn}
2292 {
2293   isbn empty$
2294   { "" }
2295   { "ISBN:~\href{http://isbndb.com/search-all.html?kw=" isbn *
2296     "}{ " * isbn * "}" *
2297   }
2298   if$
2299 }
2300
```

add.doi The Digital Object Identifier (DOI) System is for identifying content objects in the digital environment. DOI names are assigned to any entity for use on digital networks. They are used to provide current information, including where they (or information about them) can be found on the Internet. Information about a digital object may change over time, including where to find it, but its DOI name will not change.

Function add.doi embraces last string in stack into hyperlink that links it to specified doi identifier at <https://doi.org/> web-site.

```
2301 (*eprint)
2302 FUNCTION {add.doi}
2303 { duplicate$ empty$
2304   'skip$
2305   { doi empty$
2306     'skip$
2307     { "\href{https://doi.org/" doi * "}{ " * swap$ * "}" * }
2308     if$
```

```

2309     }
2310   if$
2311 }
2312 </eprint>

```

If `.bst` style is compiled without `eprint` option, we just ignore `doi` field.

```

2313 <!*eprint>
2314 FUNCTION {add.doi} { }
2315 </!*eprint>
2316

```

`add.media` New in version 1.2. Adds `media` field if `strict` options is in effect. If the `media` field is empty `add.media` prints a value based on the `type` field. If the `type` is also empty `add.media` prints equivalent of the word `text` in current language.

```

2317 <!*strict>
2318 FUNCTION {add.media}
2319 { duplicate$ empty$
2320   'skip$
2321   { media empty$
2322     'skip$
2323     { " " * bbl.media bracketise * }
2324     if$
2325   }
2326   if$
2327 }
2328 </!*strict>
2329 <*strict>
2330 FUNCTION {add.media}
2331 { duplicate$ empty$
2332   'skip$
2333   { media empty$
2334     { type$ "online" =
2335       { " " * bbl.media.online bracketise * }
2336       { " " * bbl.media.text bracketise * }
2337     if$
2338   }
2339   { " " * bbl.media bracketise * }
2340   if$
2341   }
2342   if$
2343 }
2344 </strict>
2345

```

6.13 Electronic Publishing Information

The `biblatex` package provides three fields for electronic publishing information: `eprint`, `eprinttype`, and `eprintclass`. The `eprint` field is a verbatim field similar to `doi` which holds the identifier of the item. The `eprinttype` field holds the resource name, i. e., the name of the site or electronic archive. Optional `eprintclass` field is intended for additional information specific to the resource

indicated by the `eprinttype` field. This could be a section, a path, classification information, etc. If the `eprinttype` field is available, the standard styles will use it as a literal label. In the following example, they would print “Resource: identifier” rather than the generic “eprint: identifier”:

```
eprint = {identifier},
eprinttype = {Resource},
```

`format.eprint` The electronic identifier of an online publication. This is roughly comparable to a `doi` but specific to a certain archive, repository, service, or system. Also see `eprinttype` and `eprintclass`.

(NB: This function should use `url`. TO BE DONE YET.)

```
2346 (*eprint)
2347 %FUNCTION {format.eprint}
2348 %{ eprint empty$
2349 %   { "" }
2350 %   { eprintclass empty$
2351 %     { " \href{http://arxiv.org/abs/" eprint * "}" * "{" * eprint * "}" * }
2352 %     { eprinttype empty$
2353 %       { " \href{http://arxiv.org/abs/" eprint * "}" *
2354 %         {" * eprintclass * "/" * eprint * "}" *
2355 %       }
2356 %       { " \href{http://arxiv.org/abs/" eprint * "}" *
2357 %         {" * eprinttype * ":" * eprintclass * "/" * eprint * "}" *
2358 %       }
2359 %     if$}
2360 %   if$}
2361 %if$}
2362
2363 %FUNCTION {format.eprint}
2364 %{ eprint empty$
2365 %   { "" }
2366 %   { eprinttype empty$
2367 %     { "" }
2368 %     { eprinttype "~: " *}
2369 %   if$
2370 %   eprintclass empty$
2371 %     { }
2372 %     { eprintclass * "/" *}
2373 %   if$
2374 %   eprint *
2375 % }
2376 % if$
2377 % url empty$
2378 % { }
2379 % { "\href{" url * "}" * swap$ * "}" *}
2380 % if$
2381 %}
2382
2383 FUNCTION {format.eprint}
2384 { eprint empty$
```

```

2385 { "" }
2386 { eprinttype empty$
2387   { "" }
2388   { eprinttype "~: " *}
2389   if$
2390   eprintclass empty$
2391   { }
2392   { eprintclass * "/" *}
2393   if$
2394   url empty$
2395   { eprint * }
2396   { "\href{" * url * "}" * eprint * "}" *}
2397   if$
2398   }
2399 if$
2400 }
2401
2402 FUNCTION {output.eprint.url}
2403 {
2404   eprint empty$
2405   { format.url output }
2406   { format.eprint output }
2407   if$
2408 }
2409
2410 </eprint>
2411
2412 <!*eprint>
2413 FUNCTION {output.eprint.url}
2414 {
2415   format.url output
2416 }
2417 </!*eprint>
2418

```

Functions added in v1.2f to format patent entry (thanks to Stanislav Kruchinin).

add.number

```

2419 FUNCTION {add.number}
2420 { duplicate$ empty$
2421   { "" }
2422   { bbl.nr swap$ tie.or.space.connect }
2423   if$
2424 }
2425

```

format.type.number

```

2426 FUNCTION {format.type.number}
2427 {
2428   type empty$
2429   { "" }
2430   {

```

```

2431     number empty$
2432     { "" }
2433     { type number tie.or.space.connect }
2434     if$
2435     }
2436     if$
2437 }
2438

```

format.requestdate

```

2439 FUNCTION {format.requestdate}
2440 { requestdate empty$
2441   { "" }
2442   { bbl.req requestdate tie.or.space.connect }
2443   if$
2444 }
2445

```

t.publicationdate

```

2446 FUNCTION {format.publicationdate}
2447 { publicationdate empty$
2448   { "" }
2449   { bbl.publ publicationdate tie.or.space.connect }
2450   if$
2451 }
2452

```

format.prioritydate

```

2453 FUNCTION {format.prioritydate}
2454 { prioritydate empty$
2455   { "" }
2456   { bbl.priority prioritydate tie.or.space.connect }
2457   if$
2458 }
2459

```

6.14 Entry types

Text below in this section is borrowed from biblatex manual. Not every field listed below is actually supported by GOST styles. So description below should be considered as a goal or a feature request.

The lists below indicate the fields supported by each entry type. Note that the mapping of fields to an entry type is ultimately at the discretion of the bibliography style. The lists below therefore serve two purposes. They indicate the fields supported by the standard styles which ship with this package and they also serve as a model for custom styles. Note that the required fields are not strictly required in all cases. The fields marked as optional are optional in a technical sense. Bibliographical formatting rules usually require more than just the required fields. The standard styles will generally not perform any formal validity checks, but custom styles may do so. Generic fields like abstract and annotation or label and shorthand are not included in the lists below because they are independent of the entry type.

6.14.1 Regular Types

article An article in a journal, magazine, newspaper, or other periodical which forms a self-contained unit with its own title. The title of the periodical is given in the `journaltitle` field. If the issue has its own title in addition to the main title of the periodical, it goes in the `issuetitle` field. Note that `editor` and related fields refer to the journal while `translator` and related fields refer to the article.

Required fields: `author`, `title`, `journaltitle`, `year/date`.

Optional fields: `translator`, `annotator`, `commentator`, `subtitle`, `titleaddon`, `editor`, `editora`, `editorb`, `editorc`, `journalsubtitle`, `issuetitle`, `issuesubtitle`, `language`, `origlanguage`, `series`, `volume`, `number`, `eid`, `issue`, `month`, `pages`, `version`, `note`, `issn`, `addendum`, `pubstate`, `doi`, `eprint`, `eprintclass`, `eprinttype`, `url`, `urldate`.

```
2460 FUNCTION {article}
2461 {
2462   output.bibitem
2463   output.author.head
2464   new.sentence
2465   (natbib)   author format.key output
2466   title add.media "title" output.check
2467   new.slash
2468   output.author.rest
2469   new.dblslash
2470   journal emphasize add.doi "journal" output.check % new in v1.2
2471   new.block
2472   format.date "year/date" output.check
2473   new.block
2474   format.volume output
2475   format.number output
2476   new.block
2477   format.pages.page output
2478   new.block
2479   note output
2480   new.sentence
2481   % format.url output
2482   output.eprint.url
2483   format.annotate output
2484   fin.entry
2485 }
2486
```

book A single-volume book with one or more authors where the authors share credit for the work as a whole. In `biblatex`, this entry type also covers the function of the `@inbook` type of traditional `BibTeX`.

Required fields: `author`, `title`, `year/date`.

Optional fields: `editor`, `editora`, `editorb`, `editorc`, `translator`, `annotator`, `commentator`, `introduction`, `foreword`, `afterword`, `subtitle`, `titleaddon`, `maintitle`, `mainsubtitle`, `maintitleaddon`, `language`, `origlanguage`, `volume`, `part`, `edition`, `volumes`, `series`, `number`, `note`, `publisher`, `location`, `isbn`, `chapter`, `pages`, `pagetotal`, `addendum`, `pubstate`, `doi`, `eprint`, `eprintclass`, `eprinttype`, `url`, `urldate`.

```
2487 FUNCTION {book}
2488 {
```



```

2489 output.bibitem
2490 output.author.head
2491 new.sentence
2492 (natbib) author format.key output
2493 title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2494 new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2495 titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2496 new.slash
2497 output.author.rest
2498 editor.organization.rest
2499 new.sentence
2500 format.number.series output
2501 new.block
2502 format.edition output
2503 new.block
2504 output.address.publisher
2505 format.date "year/date" output.check
2506 new.block
2507 format.bvolume output
2508 new.block
2509 format.pages.page output
2510 new.block
2511 (eprint) format.isbn output
2512 (eprint) new.block
2513 note output
2514 new.sentence
2515 % format.url output
2516 output.eprint.url
2517 format.annotate output
2518 fin.entry
2519 }
2520

```

booklet A book-like work without a formal publisher or sponsoring institution. Use the field `howpublished` to supply publishing information in free format, if applicable. The field type may be useful as well.

Required fields: author/editor, title, year/date.

Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, language, howpublished, type, note, location, chapter, pages, pagetotal, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```

2521 FUNCTION {booklet}
2522 {
2523   output.bibitem
2524   output.author.head
2525   new.sentence
2526 (natbib) author format.key output
2527 title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2528 new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2529 titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2530 new.slash
2531 output.author.rest

```

```

2532 editor.organization.rest
2533 new.block
2534 howpublished output
2535 address.or.location output
2536 format.date "year/date" output.check
2537 new.block
2538 note output
2539 new.sentence
2540 % format.url output
2541 output.eprint.url
2542 format.annotate output
2543 fin.entry
2544 }
2545

```

`inbook` A part of a book which forms a self-contained unit with its own title. Note that the profile of this entry type is different from standard BibTeX.

Required fields: author, title, booktitle, year/date.

Optional fields: bookauthor, editor, editora, editorb, editorc, translator, annotator, commentator, introduction, foreword, afterword, subtitle, titleaddon, maintitle, mainsubtitle, maintitleaddon, booksubtitle, booktitleaddon, language, origlanguage, volume, part, edition, volumes, series, number, note, publisher, location, isbn, chapter, pages, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```

2546 FUNCTION {inbook}
2547 {
2548   output.bibitem
2549   output.author.head
2550   new.sentence
2551   (natbib) author format.key output
2552   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2553   new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2554   titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2555   new.slash
2556   output.author.rest
2557   new.dblslash
2558   % bookauthor.head
2559   booktitle "booktitle" output.check
2560   new.slash
2561   bookauthor.rest
2562   editor.organization.rest
2563   new.block
2564   format.edition output
2565   new.block
2566   format.number.series output
2567   new.sentence
2568   output.address.publisher
2569   format.date "year/date" output.check
2570   new.block
2571   format.bvolume output
2572   new.block

```

```

2573 format.pages.page output
2574 new.block
2575 (eprint) format.isbn output
2576 (eprint) new.block
2577 note output
2578 new.sentence
2579 % format.url output
2580 output.eprint.url
2581 format.annotate output
2582 fin.entry
2583 }
2584

```

incollection A contribution to a collection which forms a self-contained unit with a distinct author and title. The author refers to the title, the editor to the booktitle, i. e., the title of the collection.

Required fields: author, editor, title, booktitle, year/date.

Optional fields: editora, editorb, editorc, translator, annotator, commentator, introduction, foreword, afterword, subtitle, titleaddon, maintitle, mainsubtitle, maintitleaddon, booksubtitle, booktitleaddon, language, origlanguage, volume, part, edition, volumes, series, number, note, publisher, location, isbn, chapter, pages, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```

2585 FUNCTION {incollection}
2586 {
2587   output.bibitem
2588   output.author.head
2589   new.sentence
2590 (natbib) author format.key output
2591   new.sentence
2592   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2593   new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2594   titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2595   new.slash
2596   output.author.rest
2597   new.dblslash
2598   booktitle "booktitle" output.check
2599   new.slash
2600   editor.organization.rest
2601   new.block
2602   output.address.publisher
2603   format.date "year/date" output.check
2604   new.block
2605   format.bvolume output
2606   format.number.series output
2607   new.block
2608   format.pages.page output
2609   new.block
2610   note output
2611   new.sentence
2612 % format.url output
2613   output.eprint.url

```

```

2614 format.annote output
2615 fin.entry
2616 }
2617

```

proceedings A single-volume conference proceedings. This type is very similar to @collection. It supports an optional organization field which holds the sponsoring institution. The editor is omissible.
 Required fields: editor, title, year/date.
 Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, maintitle, mainsubtitle, maintitleaddon, eventtitle, eventdate, venue, language, volume, part, volumes, series, number, note, organization, publisher, location, month, isbn, chapter, pages, pagetotal, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```

2618 FUNCTION {proceedings}
2619 {
2620   output.bibitem
2621   (natbib) editor format.key output
2622   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2623   new.colon                % added in v.1.2k
2624   titleaddon output        % added in v.1.2k
2625   new.slash
2626   editor.organization.rest
2627   new.block
2628   output.address.publisher % 1.2k moved from below
2629   new.block                % added in v.1.2k
2630   format.date "year/date" output.check
2631   new.block
2632   format.bvolume output
2633   format.number.series output
2634   new.block
2635   format.pages.page output
2636   %%output.address.publisher % 1.2k moved upper
2637   new.block
2638   note output
2639   new.sentence
2640   % format.url output
2641   output.eprint.url
2642   format.annote output
2643   fin.entry
2644 }
2645

```

inproceedings An article in a conference proceedings. This type is similar to @incollection. It supports an optional organization field.
 Required fields: author, editor, title, booktitle, year/date.
 Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, maintitle, mainsubtitle, maintitleaddon, booksubtitle, booktitleaddon, eventtitle, eventdate, venue, language, volume, part, volumes, series, number, note, organization, publisher, location, month, isbn, chapter, pages, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```

2646 FUNCTION {inproceedings}
2647 { output.bibitem

```

```

2648 output.author.head
2649 new.sentence
2650 (natbib) author format.key output
2651 new.sentence
2652 title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2653 new.colon % added in v.1.2k
2654 titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2655 new.slash
2656 output.author.rest
2657 new.dblslash
2658 booktitle "booktitle" output.check
2659 new.slash
2660 editor.organization.rest
2661 new.block
2662 output.address.publisher % 1.2k moved from below
2663 new.block % added in v.1.2k
2664 % address empty$
2665 % { publisher output
2666 % format.date "year/date" output.check
2667 % }
2668 % { address output.nonnull
2669 % new.colon
2670 % publisher output
2671 % format.date "year/date" output.check
2672 % }
2673 % if$
2674 % output.address.publisher % moved upper in v.1.2k
2675 format.date "year/date" output.check
2676 new.block
2677 format.bvolume output
2678 format.number.series output
2679 new.block
2680 format.pages.page output
2681 new.block
2682 note output
2683 new.sentence
2684 % format.url output
2685 output.eprint.url
2686 format.annotate output
2687 fin.entry
2688 }
2689

```

manual Technical or other documentation, not necessarily in printed form. The author or editor is omissible.

Required fields: author/editor, title, year/date.

Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, language, edition, type, series, number, version, note, organization, publisher, location, isbn, chapter, pages, pagetotal, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```
2690 FUNCTION {manual}
```

```
2691 { output.bibitem
```

```

2692 author empty$
2693   { organization empty$
2694     'skip$
2695     { organization output.nonnull
2696       address output
2697     }
2698   if$
2699 }
2700 { format.author output.nonnull }
2701 if$
2702 (natbib) author format.key output
2703 new.block
2704 title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2705 new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2706 titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2707 author empty$
2708   { organization empty$
2709     {
2710       address new.block.checka
2711       address output
2712     }
2713     'skip$
2714     if$
2715   }
2716   {
2717     organization address new.block.checkb
2718     organization output
2719     address output
2720   }
2721 if$
2722 format.edition output
2723 format.date "year/date" output.check
2724 new.block
2725 note output
2726 new.sentence
2727 % format.url output
2728 output.eprint.url
2729 format.annotate output
2730 fin.entry
2731 }
2732

```

patent A patent or patent request. The number or record token is given in the number field. Use the **type** field to specify the type and the **location** field to indicate the scope of the patent, if different from the scope implied by the type. Note that the location field is treated as a key list with this entry type.

Required fields: author, title, number, year/date.

Optional fields: holder, subtitle, titleaddon, type, version, location, note, date, month, year, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprint class, eprint type, url, urldate.

```
2733 FUNCTION {patent}
```

```

2734 {
2735  output.bibitem
2736  title add.media output.nonnull
2737  new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2738  titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2739  new.colon
2740  format.type.number output
2741  add.blank
2742  address.or.location output
2743  new.colon
2744  ipc output
2745  new.slash
2746  format.author "author" output.check
2747  add.blank
2748  authorcountry paranthesify output.nonnull
2749 (natbib)  author format.key output
2750  new.semicolon
2751  holder output.nonnull
2752  new.semicolon
2753  credits output.nonnull
2754  new.block
2755  requestnumber add.number output
2756  new.semicolon
2757  format.requestdate output
2758  new.semicolon
2759  format.publicationdate output
2760  publication output
2761  new.semicolon
2762  format.prioritydate output
2763  prioritynumber output
2764  prioritycountry paranthesify output
2765  new.block
2766  note output
2767  new.sentence
2768  output.url
2769  format.annotate output
2770  new.block
2771  pagetotal output
2772  fin.entry
2773 }
2774

```

misc A fallback type for entries which do not fit into any other category. Use the field `howpublished` to supply publishing information in free format, if applicable. The field type may be useful as well. `author`, `editor`, and `year` are omissible.

Required fields: `author`/`editor`, `title`, `year`/`date`.

```

2775 FUNCTION {misc}
2776 { output.bibitem
2777  %format.author output % < v.1.2k
2778  output.author.head   % v.1.2k

```

```

2779 new.sentence          % v.1.2k
2780 (natbib) author format.key output
2781 title howpublished new.sentence.checkb
2782 title add.media output
2783 howpublished new.block.checka
2784 howpublished output
2785 new.block
2786 format.date "year/date" output.check
2787 new.block
2788 note output
2789 new.sentence
2790 % format.url output
2791 output.eprint.url
2792 format.annotate output
2793 fin.entry
2794 }
2795

```

unpublished A work with an author and a title which has not been formally published, such as a manuscript or the script of a talk. Use the fields `howpublished` and `note` to supply additional information in free format, if applicable.

Required fields: `author`, `title`, `year/date`.

Optional fields: `subtitle`, `titleaddon`, `language`, `howpublished`, `note`, `location`, `isbn`, `date`, `month`, `year`, `addendum`, `pubstate`, `url`, `urldate`

```

2796 FUNCTION {unpublished}
2797 { output.bibitem
2798   output.author.head
2799   new.sentence
2800 (natbib) author format.key output
2801 title "title" output.check
2802 new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2803 titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2804 new.slash
2805 output.author.rest
2806 editor.organization.rest
2807 new.block
2808 format.date "year/date" output.check
2809 new.block
2810 note "note" output.check
2811 new.sentence
2812 % format.url output
2813 output.eprint.url
2814 format.annotate output
2815 fin.entry
2816 }
2817

```

online An online resource. Author, editor, and year are omissible. This entry type is intended for sources such as web sites which are intrinsically online resources. Note that all entry types support the `url` field. For example, when adding an article from an online journal, it may be preferable to use the `@article` type and its `url` field.

Required fields: author/editor, title, year/date, url.

Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, language, version, note, organization, date, month, year, addendum, pubstate, urldate.

```
2818 FUNCTION {online}
2819 { output.bibitem
2820   format.author output
2821   (natbib) author format.key output
2822   title howpublished new.sentence.checkb
2823   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2824   new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2825   titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2826 % howpublished new.block.checka
2827   howpublished new.dblslash.checka
2828 (!strict) howpublished output
2829 (strict) howpublished bracketise output
2830   editor.organization.rest
2831   new.sentence
2832   new.block
2833   output.address.publisher
2834   format.date output
2835   new.block
2836 % format.url output
2837   output.eprint.url
2838   new.sentence
2839   note output
2840   format.annotate output
2841   fin.entry
2842 }
2843
```

internet New in version 2012.02.15.

```
www 2844 FUNCTION {internet} {online}
webpage 2845 FUNCTION {www} {online}
ielectronic 2846 FUNCTION {webpage} {online}
2847 FUNCTION {electronic} {online}
```

thesis New in version 2012.02.02.

A thesis written for an educational institution to satisfy the requirements for a degree. Use the type field to specify the type of thesis.

Required fields: author, title, type, institution, year/date.

Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, language, note, location, month, isbn, chapter, pages, pagetotal, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate

```
2848 FUNCTION {thesis}
2849 { output.bibitem
2850   format.author "author" output.check
2851   (natbib) author format.key output
2852   new.sentence
2853   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2854   new.colon
2855   bbl.phdthesis format.thesis.type output.nonnull
```

```

2856 new.colon
2857 specialitycode.or.number output % code of the speciality, new in v.1.2i
2858 new.colon
2859 titleaddon output % date of defence and approval; new in v.1.2i
2860 new.slash
2861 %%format.author.rest output %% duplicates athours from the head zone
2862 output.author.rest          %% prints if num.names$ > 3 or > 1
2863 new.semicolon
2864 %institution "institution" output.check
2865 institution.or.school "institution/school" output.check
2866 new.block
2867 output.address.publisher
2868 format.date "year/date" output.check
2869 new.block
2870 format.pages.page output
2871 new.block
2872 note output
2873 new.sentence
2874 % format.url output
2875 output.eprint.url
2876 format.annotate output
2877 fin.entry
2878 }

```

report

New in version 2012.02.02.

A technical report, research report, or white paper published by a university or some other institution. Use the type field to specify the type of report. The sponsoring institution goes in the institution field.

Required fields: author, title, type, institution, year/date.

Optional fields: subtitle, titleaddon, language, number, version, note, location, month, isrn, chapter, pages, pagetotal, addendum, pubstate, doi, eprint, eprintclass, eprinttype, url, urldate.

```

2879 %FUNCTION {report}
2880 %{
2881 % output.bibitem
2882 % output.author.head
2883 % new.sentence
2884 % title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2885 % new.colon
2886 %% format.techrep.type.number output.nonnull
2887 % type "type" output.check
2888 % new.slash
2889 % output.author.rest
2890 % editor.organization.rest
2891 % new.block
2892 % address output
2893 % new.colon
2894 % institution "institution" output.check
2895 % format.date "year/date" output.check
2896 % new.block
2897 % note output

```

```

2898 % new.block          % v.2
2899 % format.pages.page output % v.2
2900 % new.sentence
2901 %% format.url output
2902 % output.eprint.url
2903 % format.annotate output
2904 % fin.entry
2905 %}
2906 FUNCTION {report}
2907 {
2908   output.bibitem
2909 %   output.author.head
2910 %   new.sentence
2911   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2912 (natbib) title format.key output
2913   new.colon          % added in v.1.2k
2914   titleaddon output % added in v.1.2k
2915   new.colon
2916 %   format.techrep.type.number output.nonnull
2917 %   type "type" output.check
2918 %   format.report.type.number "type" output.check
2919   type "type" output.check
2920   new.colon
2921   number output
2922   new.slash
2923   %institution "institution" output.check
2924   institution.or.school "institution/school" output.check
2925   new.semicolon
2926   format.chief.rest output % from editor field
2927   new.semicolon
2928   format.executor.rest output % from author field
2929   new.block
2930   address.or.location output
2931   new.colon
2932   organization output
2933   format.date "year/date" output.check
2934   new.block          % v.2
2935   format.pages.page output % v.2
2936   new.sentence % или new.block ?
2937   output.eprint.url
2938   new.block
2939   note output
2940   format.annotate output
2941   fin.entry
2942 }
2943

```

6.14.2 Type Aliases

The entry types listed in this section are provided for backwards compatibility with traditional BibTeX styles. These aliases are resolved by BibTeX as the data is exported. Bibliography styles will see the entry type the alias points to, not the alias name. All unknown entry types are generally exported as @misc.

phdthesis Similar to @thesis except that the type field is optional and defaults to the localized term ‘PhD thesis’. You may still use the type field to override that.

```
2944 FUNCTION {phdthesis}
2945 { output.bibitem
2946   format.author "author" output.check
2947 (natbib) author format.key output
2948   new.sentence
2949   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2950   new.colon
2951   bbl.phdthesis format.thesis.type output.nonnull
2952   new.colon
2953   %%number output % code of the speciality
2954   specialitycode.or.number output % code of the speciality, new in v.1.2i
2955   new.colon
2956   titleaddon output % date of defence and approval; new in v.1.2i
2957   new.slash
2958   %%format.author.rest output %% duplicates athours
2959   output.author.rest          %% prints if num.names$ > 3 or > 1
2960   new.semicolon
2961   %institution "institution" output.check
2962   institution.or.school "institution/school" output.check
2963   new.block
2964   output.address.publisher
2965   format.date "year/date" output.check
2966   new.block
2967   format.pages.page output
2968   new.block
2969   note output
2970   new.sentence
2971 %   format.url output
2972   output.eprint.url
2973   format.annotate output
2974   fin.entry
2975 }
```

mastersthesis Similar to @thesis except that the type field is optional and defaults to the localized term ‘Master’s thesis’. You may still use the type field to override that.

```
2976 FUNCTION {mastersthesis}
2977 { output.bibitem
2978   format.author "author" output.check
2979 (natbib) author format.key output
2980   new.sentence
2981   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
2982   new.colon
```

```

2983 bbl.mathesis format.thesis.type output.nonnull
2984 new.colon
2985 %%number output % code of the speciality
2986 specialitycode.or.number output % code of the speciality, new in v.1.2i
2987 new.colon
2988 titleaddon output % date of defence and approval; new in v.1.2i
2989 new.slash
2990 %%format.author.rest output %% duplicates athours
2991 output.author.rest          %% prints if num.names$ > 3 or > 1
2992 new.semicolon
2993 %institution "institution" output.check
2994 institution.or.school "institution/school" output.check
2995 new.block
2996 output.address.publisher
2997 format.date "year/date" output.check
2998 new.block
2999 format.pages.page output
3000 new.block
3001 note output
3002 new.sentence
3003 % format.url output
3004 output.eprint.url
3005 format.annotate output
3006 fin.entry
3007 }

```

`docthesis` Similar to `@thesis` except that the type field is optional and defaults to the localized term 'Doctor's of sciences thesis'. You may still use the type field to override that.

```

3008 FUNCTION {docthesis}
3009 { output.bibitem
3010   format.author "author" output.check
3011   (natbib) author format.key output
3012   new.sentence
3013   title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
3014   new.colon
3015   bbl.docthesis format.thesis.type output.nonnull
3016   new.colon
3017   %%number output % code of the speciality
3018   specialitycode.or.number output % code of the speciality, new in v.1.2i
3019   new.colon
3020   titleaddon output % date of defence and approval; new in v.1.2i
3021   new.slash
3022   %%format.author.rest output %% duplicate athours
3023   output.author.rest          %% prints if num.names$ > 3 or > 1
3024   new.semicolon
3025   %institution "institution" output.check
3026   institution.or.school "institution/school" output.check
3027   new.block
3028   output.address.publisher
3029   format.date "year/date" output.check
3030   new.block

```

```

3031 format.pages.page output
3032 new.block
3033 note output
3034 new.sentence
3035 % format.url output
3036 output.eprint.url
3037 format.annotate output
3038 fin.entry
3039 }

```

conference

```

3040 FUNCTION {conference} { inproceedings }
3041

```

techreport TechReport is similar to @report except that the type field is optional and defaults to the localized term 'technical report'. You may still use the type field to override that.

```

3042 %FUNCTION {techreport}
3043 %{
3044 % output.bibitem
3045 % output.author.head
3046 % new.sentence
3047 % title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
3048 % new.colon
3049 % format.techrep.type.number output.nonnull
3050 % new.slash
3051 % output.author.rest
3052 % editor.organization.rest
3053 % new.block
3054 % address output
3055 % new.colon
3056 % institution "institution" output.check
3057 % format.date "year/date" output.check
3058 % new.block
3059 % note output
3060 % new.block                               % v.2
3061 % format.pages.page output % v.2
3062 % new.sentence
3063 %% format.url output
3064 % output.eprint.url
3065 % format.annotate output
3066 % fin.entry
3067 %}
3068
3069 FUNCTION {techreport}
3070 {
3071 output.bibitem
3072 % output.author.head
3073 % new.sentence
3074 title add.doi add.media "title" output.check
3075 (natbib) title format.key output
3076 new.colon

```

```

3077 % format.techrep.type.number output.nonnull
3078 % type "type" output.check
3079 % format.report.type.number "type" output.check
3080 % type output
3081 format.techreport.type output
3082 new.colon
3083 number output
3084 new.slash
3085 %institution "institution" output.check
3086 institution.or.school "institution/school" output.check
3087 new.semicolon
3088 format.chief.rest output % from editor field
3089 new.semicolon
3090 format.executor.rest output % from author field
3091 new.block
3092 address.or.location output
3093 new.colon
3094 organization output
3095 format.date "year/date" output.check
3096 new.block % v.2
3097 format.pages.page output % v.2
3098 new.sentence % или new.block ?
3099 output.eprint.url
3100 new.block
3101 note output
3102 format.annotate output
3103 fin.entry
3104 }
3105

```

default.type

```

3106 FUNCTION {default.type} { misc }
3107

```

6.15 Month Abbreviations

Borrowed from `merlin.mbs` of package `custom-bib`. This is done for backward compatibility with standard `.bst` styles which are designed for English. The string in the definition of any month macro must coincide with that used in `format.month` function in the above.

```

3108 MACRO {jan} {"Jan."}
3109 MACRO {feb} {"Feb."}
3110 MACRO {mar} {"Mar."}
3111 MACRO {apr} {"Apr."}
3112 MACRO {may} {"May"}
3113 MACRO {jun} {"Jun."}
3114 MACRO {jul} {"Jul."}
3115 MACRO {aug} {"Aug."}
3116 MACRO {sep} {"Sep."}
3117 MACRO {oct} {"Oct."}
3118 MACRO {nov} {"Nov."}

```

3119 MACRO {dec} {"Dec."}

6.16 Journal Abbreviations

6.16.1 Physics and astronomy

Borrowed from physjour.mbs of package custom-bib.

3120 MACRO {aa}{"Astron.\ \& Astrophys."}
3121 MACRO {aasup}{"Astron.\ \& Astrophys.\ Suppl.\ Ser."}
3122 MACRO {aj} {"Astron.\ J."}
3123 MACRO {aph} {"Acta Phys."}
3124 MACRO {advp} {"Adv.\ Phys."}
3125 MACRO {ajp} {"Amer.\ J.\ Phys."}
3126 MACRO {ajm} {"Amer.\ J.\ Math."}
3127 MACRO {amsci} {"Amer.\ Sci."}
3128 MACRO {anofd} {"Ann.\ Fluid Dyn."}
3129 MACRO {am} {"Ann.\ Math."}
3130 MACRO {ap} {"Ann.\ Phys.\ (NY)"
3131 MACRO {adp} {"Ann.\ Phys.\ (Leipzig)"
3132 MACRO {ao} {"Appl.\ Opt."}
3133 MACRO {apl} {"Appl.\ Phys.\ Lett."}
3134 MACRO {app} {"Astroparticle Phys."}
3135 MACRO {apj} {"Astrophys.\ J."}
3136 MACRO {apjsup} {"Astrophys.\ J.\ Suppl."}
3137 MACRO {apss} {"Astrophys.\ Space Sci."}
3138 MACRO {araa} {"Ann.\ Rev.\ Astron.\ Astrophys."}
3139 MACRO {baas} {"Bull.\ Amer.\ Astron.\ Soc."}
3140 MACRO {baps} {"Bull.\ Amer.\ Phys.\ Soc."}
3141 MACRO {cmp} {"Comm.\ Math.\ Phys."}
3142 MACRO {cpam} {"Commun.\ Pure Appl.\ Math."}
3143 MACRO {cppcf} {"Comm.\ Plasma Phys.\ \& Controlled Fusion"}
3144 MACRO {cpc} {"Comp.\ Phys.\ Comm."}
3145 MACRO {cqg} {"Class.\ Quant.\ Grav."}
3146 MACRO {cra} {"C.\ R.\ Acad.\ Sci.\ A"}
3147 MACRO {fed} {"Fusion Eng.\ \& Design"}
3148 MACRO {ft} {"Fusion Tech."}
3149 MACRO {grg} {"Gen.\ Relativ.\ Gravit."}
3150 MACRO {ieeens} {"IEEE Trans.\ Nucl.\ Sci."}
3151 MACRO {ieeeps} {"IEEE Trans.\ Plasma Sci."}
3152 MACRO {ijimw} {"Interntl.\ J.\ Infrared \& Millimeter Waves"}
3153 MACRO {ip} {"Infrared Phys."}
3154 MACRO {irp} {"Infrared Phys."}
3155 MACRO {jap} {"J.\ Appl.\ Phys."}
3156 MACRO {jasa} {"J.\ Acoust.\ Soc.\ America"}
3157 MACRO {jcp} {"J.\ Comp.\ Phys."}
3158 MACRO {jchp} {"J.\ Chem.\ Phys."}
3159 MACRO {jetp} {"Sov.\ Phys.--JETP"}
3160 MACRO {jfe} {"J.\ Fusion Energy"}
3161 MACRO {jfm} {"J.\ Fluid Mech."}
3162 MACRO {jmp} {"J.\ Math.\ Phys."}

3163 MACRO {jne} {"J.\ Nucl.\ Energy"}
3164 MACRO {jnec} {"J.\ Nucl.\ Energy, C: Plasma Phys., Accelerators, Thermonucl.\ Res."}
3165 MACRO {jnm} {"J.\ Nucl.\ Mat."}
3166 MACRO {jpc} {"J.\ Phys.\ Chem."}
3167 MACRO {jpp} {"J.\ Plasma Phys."}
3168 MACRO {jpsj} {"J.\ Phys.\ Soc.\ Japan"}
3169 MACRO {jsi} {"J.\ Sci.\ Instrum."}
3170 MACRO {jvst} {"J.\ Vac.\ Sci.\ \& Tech."}
3171 MACRO {nat} {"Nature"}
3172 MACRO {nature} {"Nature"}
3173 MACRO {nedf} {"Nucl.\ Eng.\ \& Design/Fusion"}
3174 MACRO {nf} {"Nucl.\ Fusion"}
3175 MACRO {nim} {"Nucl.\ Inst.\ \& Meth."}
3176 MACRO {nimpr} {"Nucl.\ Inst.\ \& Meth.\ in Phys.\ Res."}
3177 MACRO {np} {"Nucl.\ Phys."}
3178 MACRO {npb} {"Nucl.\ Phys.\ B"}
3179 MACRO {nt/f} {"Nucl.\ Tech./Fusion"}
3180 MACRO {npbpc} {"Nucl.\ Phys.\ B (Proc.\ Suppl.)"}
3181 MACRO {inc} {"Nuovo Cimento"}
3182 MACRO {nc} {"Nuovo Cimento"}
3183 MACRO {pf} {"Phys.\ Fluids"}
3184 MACRO {pfa} {"Phys.\ Fluids A: Fluid Dyn."}
3185 MACRO {pfb} {"Phys.\ Fluids B: Plasma Phys."}
3186 MACRO {pl} {"Phys.\ Lett."}
3187 MACRO {pla} {"Phys.\ Lett.\ A"}
3188 MACRO {plb} {"Phys.\ Lett.\ B"}
3189 MACRO {prep} {"Phys.\ Rep."}
3190 MACRO {pnas} {"Proc.\ Nat.\ Acad.\ Sci.\ USA"}
3191 MACRO {pp} {"Phys.\ Plasmas"}
3192 MACRO {pop} {"Phys.\ Plasmas"}
3193 MACRO {ppcf} {"Plasma Phys.\ \& Controlled Fusion"}
3194 MACRO {phitrs1} {"Philos.\ Trans.\ Roy.\ Soc.\ London"}
3195 MACRO {pr1} {"Phys.\ Rev.\ Lett."}
3196 MACRO {pr} {"Phys.\ Rev."}
3197 MACRO {physrev} {"Phys.\ Rev."}
3198 MACRO {pra} {"Phys.\ Rev.\ A"}
3199 MACRO {prb} {"Phys.\ Rev.\ B"}
3200 MACRO {prc} {"Phys.\ Rev.\ C"}
3201 MACRO {prd} {"Phys.\ Rev.\ D"}
3202 MACRO {pre} {"Phys.\ Rev.\ E"}
3203 MACRO {ps} {"Phys.\ Scripta"}
3204 MACRO {procrs1} {"Proc.\ Roy.\ Soc.\ London"}
3205 MACRO {rmp} {"Rev.\ Mod.\ Phys."}
3206 MACRO {rsi} {"Rev.\ Sci.\ Inst."}
3207 MACRO {science} {"Science"}
3208 MACRO {sciam} {"Sci.\ Am."}
3209 MACRO {sam} {"Stud.\ Appl.\ Math."}
3210 MACRO {st} {"Sky and Telesc."}

6.16.2 Supplementary Journal Names

Borrowed from `suppjour.mbs` of package `custom-bib`.

```
3211 MACRO {cjp} {"Czech. J. Phys."}
3212 MACRO {el} {"Europhys. Lett."}
3213 MACRO {en} {"Europhys. News"}
3214 MACRO {fujitsustj} {"FUJITSU Sci. Tech. J."}
3215 MACRO {ieeed} {"IEEE Trans. Electron Devices"}
3216 MACRO {ieeim} {"IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas."}
3217 MACRO {ieeejqe} {"IEEE J. Quantum Electron."}
3218 MACRO {ieem} {"IEEE Trans. Magn."}
3219 MACRO {ieeptl} {"IEEE Photonic Technol. Lett."}
3220 MACRO {ieeuffc} {"IEEE Trans. Ultrason., Ferroelect., Freq. Cont."}
3221 MACRO {jem} {"J. Electron. Mater."}
3222 MACRO {jes} {"J. Electrochem. Soc."}
3223 MACRO {jetplett} {"JETP Lett."}
3224 MACRO {jjap} {"Japan. J. Appl. Phys."}
3225 MACRO {jpha} {"J. Phys. A: Math. Gen."}
3226 MACRO {jphb} {"J. Phys. B: At. Mol. Opt. Phys."}
3227 MACRO {jphbold} {"J. Phys. B: At. Mol. Phys."}
3228 MACRO {jphc} {"J. Phys.: Condens. Matter"}
3229 MACRO {jphcold} {"J. Phys. C: Solid State Phys."}
3230 MACRO {jphd} {"J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys."}
3231 MACRO {jvsta} {"J. Vac. Sci. Technol. A"}
3232 MACRO {jvstb} {"J. Vac. Sci. Technol. B"}
3233 MACRO {me} {"Microelectron. Eng."}
3234 MACRO {necrd} {"NEC Res.{\&} Develop."}
3235 MACRO {pa} {"Physica A"}
3236 MACRO {pb} {"Physica B"}
3237 MACRO {pc} {"Physica C"}
3238 MACRO {pd} {"Physica D"}
3239 MACRO {procieee} {"Proc. IEEE"}
3240 MACRO {procspie} {"Proc. SPIE"}
3241 MACRO {pssa} {"Phys. Stat. Sol. A"}
3242 MACRO {pssb} {"Phys. Stat. Sol. B"}
3243 MACRO {rpp} {"Rep. Progr. Phys."}
3244 MACRO {sm} {"Synthet. Metal"}
3245 MACRO {sost} {"Solid State Technol."}
3246 MACRO {ss} {"Surf. Sci."}
3247 MACRO {ssc} {"Solid State Commun."}
3248 MACRO {sst} {"Semicond. Sci. Technol."}
3249 MACRO {suplatt} {"Superlatt. Microstr."}
3250 MACRO {sust} {"Supercond. Sci. Technol."}
3251 MACRO {znat} {"Z. Naturforsch."}
```

6.16.3 Optics

Borrowed from `photjour.mbs`.

```
3252 MACRO {appopt} {"Appl.\ Opt."}
3253 MACRO {bell} {"Bell Syst.\ Tech.\ J."}
```

```

3254 MACRO {ell} {"Electron.\ Lett."}
3255 MACRO {jasp} {"J.\ Appl.\ Spectr."}
3256 MACRO {jqe} {"IEEE J.\ Quantum Electron."}
3257 MACRO {jlwt} {"J.\ Lightwave Technol."}
3258 MACRO {jmo} {"J.\ Mod.\ Opt."}
3259 MACRO {josa} {"J.\ Opt.\ Soc.\ America"}
3260 MACRO {josaa} {"J.\ Opt.\ Soc.\ Amer.~A"}
3261 MACRO {josab} {"J.\ Opt.\ Soc.\ Amer.~B"}
3262 MACRO {jdp} {"J.\ Phys.\ (Paris)"}
3263 MACRO {oc} {"Opt.\ Commun."}
3264 MACRO {ol} {"Opt.\ Lett."}
3265 MACRO {os} {"Opt.\ Spectrosc."}
3266 MACRO {pht1} {"IEEE Photon. Technol. Lett."}
3267 MACRO {pspie} {"Proc.\ Soc.\ Photo-Opt.\ Instrum. Eng."}
3268 MACRO {vr} {"Vision Res."}
3269 MACRO {zph} {"Z.\ f.\ Physik"}
3270 MACRO {zphb} {"Z.\ f.\ Physik~B"}
3271 MACRO {zphd} {"Z.\ f.\ Physik~D"}

```

6.16.4 Physics of condensed Matter

```

3272 MACRO {sse} {"Solid-State Electron."}
3273 MACRO {pss} {"Phys. Sol. State"}
3274 MACRO {nl} {"Nano Lett."}

```

6.16.5 Soviet and Russian journals

(NB: To be extended.)

```

3275 MACRO {sjpp} {"Sov.\ J.\ Plasma Phys."}
3276 MACRO {spd} {"Sov.\ Phys.--Doklady"}
3277 MACRO {sptp} {"Sov.\ Phys.--Tech. Phys."}
3278 MACRO {spu} {"Sov.\ Phys.--Uspekhi"}
3279  $\langle$ utf8 $\rangle$ MACRO {ufn} {"\CYRU\CYRF\CYRN"}
3280  $\langle$ utf8 $\rangle$ MACRO {ufn} {"\Y\PhiH"}
3281 MACRO {pu} {"Phys.--Uspekhi"}
3282 MACRO {sjot} {"Sov.\ J.\ Opt.\ Technol."}
3283 MACRO {sjqe} {"Sov.\ J.\ Quantum Electron."}
3284 MACRO {sleb} {"Sov.\ Phys.--Leb.\ Inst.\ Rep."}
3285 MACRO {stph} {"Sov.\ Phys.--Techn.\ Phys."}
3286 MACRO {stph1} {"Sov.\ Techn.\ Phys.\ Lett."}

```

6.17 Main cycle

```

3287
3288 READ
3289

```

6.18 Sorting

Next chunk of code governs sorting reference list by authors' names and titles.

```

3290  $\langle$ *sort | natbib $\rangle$ 

```

sortify

```
3291 FUNCTION {sortify}
3292 { purify$
3293 \lutf8) "l" change.case$
3294 }
3295 \sort | natbib)
```

sort.format.names

```
3296 (*sort)
3297 %% =====
3298 %% This version from old Gost package
3299 %%<*/!natbib>
3300 FUNCTION {sort.format.names}
3301 { 's :=
3302   #1 'nameptr :=
3303   ""
3304   s num.names$ 'numnames :=
3305   numnames 'namesleft :=
3306   { namesleft #0 > }
3307   { nameptr #1 >
3308     { " " * }
3309     'skip$
3310     if$
3311     s nameptr
3312     "{vv{ }}{ll{ }}{ f{ }}{ jj{ }}"
3313     format.name$ 't :=
3314     nameptr numnames = t "others" = and
3315     { "et al" * }
3316     {% bbl.etal * }
3317     { t sortify * }
3318     if$
3319     nameptr #1 + 'nameptr :=
3320     namesleft #1 - 'namesleft :=
3321   }
3322   while$
3323 }
3324 %%<*/!natbib>
3325 %% This version from plainnat.bst
3326 %% It ignores second and subsequent authors but include year.
3327 %%<*/!natbib>
3328 %FUNCTION {sort.format.names}
3329 %{ 's :=
3330 % #1 'nameptr :=
3331 % ""
3332 % s num.names$ 'numnames :=
3333 % numnames 'namesleft :=
3334 % { namesleft #0 > }
3335 % {
3336 %   s nameptr "{vv{ }}{ll{ }}{ ff{ }}{ jj{ }}" format.name$ 't :=
3337 %   nameptr #1 >
3338 %   {
```

```

3339 %      " " *
3340 %      namesleft #1 = t "others" = and
3341 %      { "zzzzz" * }
3342 %      { numnames #2 > nameptr #2 = and
3343 %        { "zz" * year field.or.null * " " * }
3344 %        'skip$
3345 %        if$
3346 %        t sortify *
3347 %      }
3348 %    if$
3349 %  }
3350 %  { t sortify * }
3351 %  if$
3352 %  nameptr #1 + 'nameptr :=
3353 %  namesleft #1 - 'namesleft :=
3354 %  }
3355 % while$
3356 %}
3357 %%</natbib>
3358 %% =====
3359

```

sort.format.title

```

3360 FUNCTION {sort.format.title}
3361 { 't :=
3362   "A " #2
3363   "An " #3
3364   "The " #4 t chop.word % Removes "The " if any
3365   chop.word           % Removes "An " if any
3366   chop.word           % Removes "A " if any
3367   sortify
3368   #1 global.max$ substring$
3369 }
3370

```

author.sort

```

3371 %% =====
3372 %% This version from old gost package.
3373 %%
3374 (*!natbib)
3375 FUNCTION {author.sort}
3376 { author empty$
3377   { key empty$
3378     { "to sort, need author or key in " cite$ * warning$
3379       ""
3380     }
3381     { key sortify }
3382   if$
3383 }
3384 {
3385   author num.names$ #4 <

```

```

3386     {author sort.format.names }
3387     {title sort.format.title}
3388     if$
3389   }
3390   if$
3391 }
3392 </!natbib>
3393 %% This version from plainnat.bst
3394 <(*natbib)
3395 FUNCTION {author.sort}
3396 { author empty$
3397   { key empty$
3398     { "to sort, need author or key in " cite$ * warning$
3399       ""
3400     }
3401     { key sortify }
3402   } if$
3403 }
3404 { author sort.format.names }
3405 if$
3406 }
3407 </natbib>
3408 %% =====
3409

```

author.title.sort The function author.title.sort is used in the presort function only.

```

3410 FUNCTION {author.title.sort}
3411 { author empty$
3412   { title empty$
3413     { key empty$
3414       { "to sort, need author, title, or key in " cite$ * warning$
3415         ""
3416       }
3417       { key sortify }
3418     } if$
3419   }
3420   { title sort.format.title }
3421 } if$
3422 }
3423 {
3424   author num.names$ #4 <
3425     {author sort.format.names }
3426     {title sort.format.title}
3427   } if$
3428 }
3429 if$
3430 }

```

author.editor.sort The function author.editor.sort, author.organization.sort, editor.organization.sort
organization.sort are not currently used. See commented text in function presort#2. **(NB: WE NEED TO CORRECT
organization.sort THAT!)**

```

3431 (*natbib)
3432 %FUNCTION {author.editor.sort}
3433 %{ author empty$
3434 %   { editor empty$
3435 %     { key empty$
3436 %       { "to sort, need author, editor, or key in " cite$ * warning$
3437 %         ""
3438 %       }
3439 %     { key sortify }
3440 %   if$
3441 % }
3442 % { editor sort.format.names }
3443 % if$
3444 % }
3445 % { author sort.format.names }
3446 % if$
3447 %}
3448 %
3449 %FUNCTION {author.organization.sort}
3450 %{ author empty$
3451 %   { organization empty$
3452 %     { key empty$
3453 %       { "to sort, need author, organization, or key in " cite$ * warning$
3454 %         ""
3455 %       }
3456 %     { key sortify }
3457 %   if$
3458 % }
3459 % { "The " #4 organization chop.word sortify }
3460 % if$
3461 % }
3462 % { author sort.format.names }
3463 % if$
3464 %}
3465
3466 FUNCTION {editor.organization.sort}
3467 { editor empty$
3468   { organization empty$
3469     { key empty$
3470       { "to sort, need editor, organization, or key in " cite$ * warning$
3471         ""
3472       }
3473     { key sortify }
3474   if$
3475 }
3476 { "The " #4 organization chop.word sortify }
3477 if$
3478 }
3479 { editor sort.format.names }
3480 if$

```

```

3481 }
3482 </natbib>
presort      Function to compute sort.key$. What is the space string "    " for? Version #1 is for 'sort'
              and 'natbib' options. Version #2 is for 'sort' and 'natbib' options. Version #3 is for '!sort' and
              'natbib' options.
3483 (*!natbib)
3484 FUNCTION {presort}%#1
3485 {
3486   author.title.sort
3487   "    "
3488   *
3489   year field.or.null sortify
3490   *
3491   "    "
3492   *
3493   title field.or.null
3494   sort.format.title
3495   *
3496   #1 entry.max$ substring$
3497   'sort.key$ :=
3498 }
3499 </!natbib>
3500 (*natbib)
3501 FUNCTION {presort}%#2
3502 { calc.label
3503   label sortify
3504   %author.title.sort
3505   "    "
3506   *
3507   % ===== plainnat.bst =====
3508   % type$ "book" =
3509   % type$ "inbook" =
3510   % or
3511   %   'author.editor.sort
3512   %   { type$ "proceedings" =
3513   %     'editor.organization.sort
3514   %     { type$ "manual" =
3515   %       'author.organization.sort
3516   %       'author.sort
3517   %     }
3518   %   }
3519   %   if$
3520   % }
3521   % if$
3522   author.title.sort
3523   "    "
3524   *
3525   year field.or.null sortify
3526   *
3527   "    "

```



```

3528 *
3529 %cite$
3530 title field.or.null sort.format.title
3531 *
3532 #1 entry.max$ substring$
3533 'sort.label :=
3534 sort.label *
3535 % =====
3536 #1 entry.max$ substring$
3537 'sort.key$ :=
3538 }
3539 </natbib>
3540 </sort>
3541
3542 (*!sort)
3543 (*natbib)
3544 INTEGERS { seq.num }
3545
3546 FUNCTION {init.seq}
3547 { #0 'seq.num :=}
3548
3549 EXECUTE {init.seq}
3550
3551 FUNCTION {int.to.fix}
3552 { "00000000" swap$ int.to.str$ *
3553 #-1 #10 substring$
3554 }
3555
3556 FUNCTION {presort}%#3
3557 {
3558 calc.label           % computes label
3559 label sortify        % initiates sort.label
3560 " "
3561 *
3562 seq.num #1 + 'seq.num := % advance seq.num
3563 seq.num int.to.fix     % prepend seq.num with 0s
3564 'sort.label :=        % set sort.label to seq.num
3565 sort.label *          % append seq.num to label
3566 #1 entry.max$ substring$ % cut if too long
3567 'sort.key$ :=         % set sort.key$
3568 }
3569 </natbib>
3570 </!sort>
3571
3572 (*sort | natbib)
3573 ITERATE {presort}
3574
3575 SORT
3576
3577 </sort | natbib>

```

6.19 Bibliography list

We need to find longest label to put in into the argument of the `thebibliography` environment. In case of `natbib` options we also need to compute extra suffix for the `year` field if there two or more entries for given label (=author/editor/organization) in that year.

Declare global (external) strings used in calculation of the longest label.

```

3579 \!natbib>STRINGS { longest.label }
3580 \natbib>STRINGS { longest.label last.label next.extra }
3581
3582 \!natbib>INTEGERS { number.label longest.label.width }
3583 \natbib>INTEGERS { number.label longest.label.width last.extra.num }
3584

```

`initialize.longest.label` Initialize those string.

```

3585 \!natbib>
3586 FUNCTION {initialize.longest.label}
3587 { "" 'longest.label :=
3588 #1 'number.label :=
3589 #0 'longest.label.width :=
3590 }
3591 \!natbib>
3592 \natbib>
3593 FUNCTION {initialize.longest.label}
3594 { "" 'longest.label :=
3595 #0 int.to.chr$ 'last.label :=
3596 "" 'next.extra :=
3597 #0 'longest.label.width :=
3598 #0 'last.extra.num :=
3599 #0 'number.label :=
3600 }
3601 \natbib>
3602
3603 EXECUTE {initialize.longest.label}
3604

```

`iterate.longest.label` Iterate though the list of entries to compute label.

```

3605 \!natbib>
3606 FUNCTION {forward.pass}
3607 { number.label int.to.str$ 'label :=
3608 number.label #1 + 'number.label :=
3609 label width$ longest.label.width >
3610 { label 'longest.label :=
3611 label width$ 'longest.label.width :=
3612 }
3613 'skip$
3614 if$
3615 }
3616 \!natbib>

```

```

3617 (*natbib)
3618 FUNCTION {forward.pass}
3619 { last.label label =
3620   { last.extra.num #1 + 'last.extra.num :=
3621     last.extra.num int.to.chr$ 'extra.label :=
3622   }
3623   { "a" chr.to.int$ 'last.extra.num :=
3624     "" 'extra.label :=
3625     label 'last.label :=
3626   }
3627   if$
3628   number.label #1 + 'number.label :=
3629 }
3630 </natbib>
3631
3632 ITERATE {forward.pass}
3633

```

reverse.pass Natbib styles require reverse iteration over all entries.

```

3634 (*natbib)
3635 FUNCTION {reverse.pass}
3636 { next.extra "b" =
3637   { "a" 'extra.label := }
3638   'skip$
3639   if$
3640   extra.label 'next.extra :=
3641   extra.label
3642   duplicate$ empty$
3643   'skip$
3644   { "{\natexlab{" swap$ * "}" * }
3645   if$
3646   'extra.label :=
3647   %%label extra.label * 'label :=
3648 }
3649
3650 REVERSE {reverse.pass}
3651
3652 FUNCTION {bib.sort.order}
3653 { sort.label 'sort.key$ :=
3654 }
3655
3656 ITERATE {bib.sort.order}
3657
3658 SORT
3659 </natbib>
3660

```

begin.bib Within thebibliography environment we define few formatting macros for user to customize how the reference list is formatted.

```

3661 FUNCTION {begin.bib}
3662 { "\begin{thebibliography}{ longest.label * "}" * write$ newline$

```

```

3663 "\def\selectlanguageifdefined#1{" write$ newline$
3664 "\expandafter\ifx\cscname date#1\endcscname\relax" write$ newline$
3665 % "\else\language\cscname l@#1\endcscname\fi" write$ newline$
3666 "\else\selectlanguage{#1}\fi" write$ newline$
3667 "\providecommand*\href}[2]{\small #2}" write$ newline$
3668 "\providecommand*\url}[1]{\small #1}" write$ newline$
3669 "\providecommand*\BibUrl}[1]{\url{#1}}" write$ newline$
3670 "\providecommand*\BibAnnote}[1]{}" write$ newline$
3671 "\providecommand*\BibEmph}[1]{#1}" write$ newline$
3672 "\ProvideTextCommandDefault{\cyrdash}{\iflanguage{russian}{\hbox to.8em{--\hss--}}{\textemdash}}" write$ ne
3673 "\providecommand*\BibDash}{\ifdim\lastskip>0pt\unskip\nobreak\hskip.2em plus 0.1em\fi" write$ newline$
3674 "\cyrdash\hskip.2em plus 0.1em\ignorespaces}" write$ newline$
3675 "\renewcommand{\newblock}{\ignorespaces}" write$ newline$
3676 (natbib) "\providecommand{\natexlab}[1]{#1}" write$ newline$
3677 preamble$ empty$
3678 'skip$
3679 { preamble$ write$ newline$ }
3680 if$
3681 }
3682
3683
3684 EXECUTE {begin.bib}
3685
3686 EXECUTE {init.state.consts}
3687
3688 ITERATE {call.type$}
3689
end.bib
3690 FUNCTION {end.bib}
3691 { newline$
3692 % "\catcode'\/=11" write$ newline$
3693 "\end{thebibliography}" write$ newline$
3694 }
3695
3696 EXECUTE {end.bib}
3697
3698 </bst)

```

7 Change History

v0.8	General: entry field annote added 8	v1.1	General: Entry type @online added 73
	macro \BibAnnote added 59, 91		entry type @online added 14
	macro \BibEmph added 15, 91	v1.2	General: @report entry 74
	macro \BibUrl added 58, 91		@thesis entry 73
v0.9	General: bug fix in @inproceedings entry		entry field medium added 8
	type 68		entry fields eprint , eprintclass ,

eprinttype	61	@docthesi	77
entry fields eprint, eprintclass,		location field added as alias to address	
eprinttype added	8	field	37
fix bbl.urldate for ukrainian (Andrey		media field normalised	28
Shvajkoy)	25	number field is now alias to	
v1.2a		specialitycode	37
General: default for \cyrdash added	91	school field is now alias to instituttion	37
v1.2b		corrected bbl.phdthesis and bbl.docthesi	
General: entry field numpages renamed to		to comply GOST	27
pagetotal	8, 54	entry @MastersThesis added again (see	
v1.2c		v1.1)	76
General: entry field eid added	8, 53, 54	field date added	8
entry field langid added	8, 50	field specialitycode added	8
fix Gost2003: "--- replaced by macro		typo fix in format.month	40
\BibDash	10, 40	v1.2j	
v1.2d		General: extraction of year from date added	40
General: \bbljan etc. macros removed	79	new function date.to.day	39
v1.2e		new function date.to.month	38
General: bbl.url added to replace URL		new function date.to.year	37
string	25	new function year.or.date.to.year	39
v1.2f		v1.2k	
General: entry patent added	8	General: added bbl.arxiv, bbl.jstor, etc.	35
entry field patent added	62	added bbl.jan, bbl.feb, etc.	31
v1.2i		formatting of doi field updated	59
General: @dscithesis entry renamed to		function emphasize modified	15

8 Index

Numbers written in dark blue refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers in black roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols			
add.blank	13	bbl.apr	31
add.doi	59	bbl.arxiv	35
add.media	60	bbl.aug	31
add.number	62	bbl.chief	29
address.or.location	37	bbl.compiler	19
and	13	bbl.dec	31
article	64	bbl.docthesi	27
author.editor.key.label	47	bbl.edby	18
author.editor.sort	86	bbl.edition	19
author.key.label	46	bbl.etal	21
author.key.organization.label	47	bbl.executor	29
author.organization.sort	86	bbl.feb	31
author.sort	85	bbl.googlebooks	35
author.title.sort	86	bbl.hdl	35
bbl.and	22	bbl.iin	24
		bbl.iissue	20
		bbl.iiss	21
		bbl.in	23
		bbl.jan	31
		bbl.jstor	35
		bbl.jul	31
		bbl.jun	31
		bbl.mar	31
		bbl.mathesis	26
		bbl.may	31
		bbl.media.eresource	28
		bbl.media.online	28
		bbl.media.text	28
		bbl.media	29
		bbl.nnoaddress	27
		bbl.nnopublisher	28
		bbl.nnr	23
		bbl.nnumber	22
		bbl.nopublisher	27

bbl.nov	31	fin.entry	12	n.dashify	17
bbl.nr	23	fmt.names.all	41	new.block.checka	14
bbl.number	22	fmt.names.brief	45	new.block.checkb	14
bbl.oct	31	fmt.names.first	41	new.block	12
bbl.of	21	fmt.names.three	41	new.colon	12
bbl.pages	24	format.annotate	59	new.dblslash.checka	14
bbl.page	24	format.author.rest	44	new.dblslash	12
bbl.phdthesis	27	format.author	43	new.semicolon	12
bbl.ppages	24	format.bookauthors.rest	44	new.sentence.checka	14
bbl.ppage	25	format.bookauthors	43	new.sentence.checkb	14
bbl.priority	30	format.bvolume	51	new.sentence	13
bbl.publ	30	format.chapter.pages	55	new.slash	12
bbl.pubmed	35	format.chief.rest	44	non.stop	14
bbl.req	30	format.compiler.rest	45	not	13
bbl.sep	31	format.date	40	online	72
bbl.techreport	26	format.edition	53	or	13
bbl.thesis.type	55	format.editors.rest	44	output.address.publisher	49
bbl.urldate	25	format.eprint	61	output.author.head	56
bbl.url	25	format.executor.rest	45	output.author.rest	57
bbl.vvolume	20	format.isbn	59	output.bibitem	50
bbl.vvol	20	format.key	46	output.check	11
begin.bib	91	format.month	39	output.nonnull	10
bookauthor.head	57	format.names.key	46	output.url	59
bookauthor.rest	58	format.number.series	51	output	11
booklet	65	format.number	55	paranthesify	16
book	64	format.pages.page	54	patent	70
bracify	15	format.pages	53	phdthesis	76
bracketise	16	format.prioritydate	63	presort	88
calc.label	48	format.publicationdate	63	proceedings	68
calc.long.list	48	format.requestdate	63	report	74
calc.short.list	48	format.techrep.type.number	56	reset.language	10
chop.word	16	format.thesis.type	56	reverse.pass	91
conference	78	format.type.number	62	set.language	10
convert.edition	52	format.url	58	sort.format.names	84
date.to.day	39	format.vol.num.pages	54	sort.format.title	85
date.to.month	38	format.volume	54	sortify	84
date.to.year	37	ielectronic	73	spaces.around	15
default.type	79	inbook	66	specialitycode.or.number	37
docthis	77	incollection	67	techreport	78
editor.key.organization.label	47	init.state.consts	9	thesis	73
editor.organization.rest	58	initialize.longest.label	90	tie.connect	17
editor.organization.sort	86	inproceedings	68	tie.or.space.connect	17
either.or.check	15	institution.or.school	37	unpublished	72
emphasize	15	internet	73	webpage	73
empty.misc.check	55	is.num	16	www	73
end.bib	92	manual	69	year.or.date.to.year	39
eng.ord	52	mastersthesis	76		
extract.num	16	misc	71		
field.or.null	15	multi.page.check	18		

B

\BibAnnote	2286, 3670
\BibDash	162, 1493, 1495, 3673

\BibEmph 350, 3671 \BibUrl 2265, 3669 **C**
\bibitem 10, 11, 12, 1901, 1918 \cyrdash 3672, 3674